Bombay Gazette,
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE Bombay Gazette.

NO. 55,175—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—THURSDAY, OCTOBER 27, 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing. 3-30 P.M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
30th Oct.	MANTUA	10885	.....	...
6th Nov.	HIMALAYA	6898	.....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
19th "	MARMORA	10509	.....	...
25th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
3rd Dec.	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
17th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
24th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
31st "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
18th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10885
25th "	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
4th March	MALWA	10883	.....	...
11th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
22nd "	* ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
25th "	PERSIA	7951	.....	...
1st April	MARMORA	10509	.....	...
8th "	CALEDONIA	7558	.....	...
12th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
22nd "	MANTUA	10885	.....	...
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
6th May	ARABIA	7903	.....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10890
20th "	EGYPT	7912	.....	...

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER,
At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 429 or Rs.594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 931
To London by 2nd Class	Rs. 525 or Rs. 647	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on.
Koerber ...	5423	A. Foresti	1st November.
Bohemia ...	4281	G. Gillhuber	16th "
Africa ...	4719	E. Seberich	1st December.
Graz ...	3905	D. Mistrorigo	16th "
Koerber ...	5423	A. Foresti	1st Jany. 1911
Bohemia ...	4281	G. Gillhuber	16th " "
Africa ...	4719	E. Seberich	1st Feby. "
Graz ...	3905	D. Mistrorigo	16th " "
Koerber ...	5423	A. Foresti	1st March "
Bohemia ...	4281	G. Gillhuber	16th " "
Africa ...	4719	E. Seberich	1st April "
Graz ...	3905	D. Mistrorigo	16th " "
Koerber ...	5423	A. Foresti	1st May "
Bohemia ...	4281	G. Gillhuber	16th " "
Africa ...	4719	E. Seberich	1st June "

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about.
Fr. Ferdinand	6046	B. Cobol	29th January.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES.
ACCELERATED LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450 & 500 *
Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice and back	" 675 to 750 *
Saloon Class to London	" 545 " 685 *
Saloon Class to London and back	" 865 " 1020 *
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice	350
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice and back	" 525
Intermediate Class to London	" 445
Intermediate Class to London and back	" 715

* Fares according to position of cabin and class of Railway.

ORDINARY LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice	Rs. 450
Class to Trieste or Venice and back	" 675
Saloon Class to London	" 545 to 585 *
Class to London and back	" 865 to 945 *

* Fares according to class of Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS.
ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, Tauren and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Societa Nazionale di Servizi Marittimi from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKNOG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Captain	Tons	To sail about
Persia	P. Giurgevich	5895	24th Nov, 1910.

For further information regarding passages apply to

E. STUPARICH,
Actg. Agent, Austrian Lloyd's S.N. Co., Bombay

● SELF CURE NO FICTION! ●
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
is a remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c. when mercurial treatment fails
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The Lafleur Medicine Co. Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TEACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamer.	Tons.	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dwarka	1695	Thurs.	27th Oct.	9 a.m.	via C. M.
Lhasa	2171	Fri.	28th "	6 a.m.*	direct.
Linga	2171	Mon.	31st "	11 a.m.	†P D & C M

* Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
† Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvi.

FOR CUTCH MANDVI KARACHI AND BUSSEH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 27th Oct calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR VERAWAL, MANGROLE, KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3025 tons, on Monday, the 31st October calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA, (Fortnightly.)

A STEAMER on or about the 5th November.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

26th October, 1910.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA :	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON :	GRINDLAY & Co.

THE ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS.
(CITY AND HALL LINES).
Approximate Sailings from Bombay and Karachi, for Marseilles, Liverpool, etc.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay, 1910.	Leave Karachi, 1910.
C. City of Glasgow	9500	.....	Oct. 29
C. City of Calcutta	11000	.....	Nov. 5
A. City of Vienna	6000	.....	" 5
A. Trafford Hall	8000	.....	Dec. 6
C. City of Athens	8100	.....	" 15
C. City of Benares	11000	.....	" 30
B. City of Agra	8100	not fixed.	... 1911
B. Locksley Hall	5500	.....	Jan. 14
B. Newby Hall	7500	.....	...
B. Sutton Hall	7700	.....	Jan. 26
C. City of Glasgow	9500	.....	Feby. 4
A. City of Vienna	6000	.....	March 4
A. Trafford Hall	8000	March 17	* " 14
C. City of Athens	8100	" 24	* " 21
C. City of Benares	11000	.....	April 8
C. City of Karachi	8400	April 11	...
C. City of York	11000	" 24	*April 21
C. City of Glasgow	9500	May 12	* May 9
A. Trafford Hall	8000	" 30	...
C. City of Manchester	8900	.....	June 10
C. City of	...	.....	July 19

* Sailing from Karachi and calling at Bombay for passengers only.

A.—1st Class Passenger Steamers fitted throughout with Electric Light carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.

B.—Cargo Boats carrying neither Surgeon nor Stewardess and having accommodation for 2—12 passengers.

C.—steamers which have both First and Second Class accommodation.

Sailing dates and fares are subject to alteration without notice.

No Extra Charge for Express Service or two Berthed Cabins. Electric Fans free.

Concession granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

JOINT SERVICE.
In connection with
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN
To Marseilles, Naples, Genoa, Antwerp, Hamburg and Bremen. Through rates of passage money may be obtained. For passages and full particulars apply to Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bates & Sons Agency.
Messrs. KILLICK NIXON & Co., Agents.
Karachi—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Agents

CLARKE'S B. 41. PILLS.

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world

SHIPPING.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	4th Nov,
SALAZIE	4,147	Riquier	24th Nov.
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	X	22nd Dec.
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	X	19th Jan. 1911.
NERA	5,538	Casanova	16th Feb. "
YARRA	4,142	X	16th Mar, "
DUMBEA	5,683	Reburat	13th Apl, "
POLYNESIEN	6,363	X	11th May "
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	X	8th June "

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigation's General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
Australien	6,365	Guionnet	4th Nov. 1910.
Nera	5,538	Casanova	2nd Dec. "

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDEZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Chittagong,	Newera-Eliya.
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe,
Cawnpore		

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realizing interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY. J. BLACK, Ag. Manager.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES:
Surat, Baroda, Ahmedabad, Shawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind) and Karachi.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 16,000,000
Gold Reserve Fund	$ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE (Malay Peninsula.)	PENANG
BANGKOK	KOBE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)	SAIGON
BOMBAY	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CANTON	MALACCA.	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MANILA	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	PEKING	YLOILO
HONGKONG		
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.

CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

A POPULARIZED WATCH

THERE is much neat simplicity shown in the Special and Perfect Lentille Finish of the case of this Watch, giving it an appearance of Elegance and Good Taste which Watches at the same price do not offer.

The mechanism of to-day and the finish of the case is a considerable improvement compared with the original production of our

POPULAR WATCH

and of which Brigadier General Way wrote so flatteringly :

"I bought in your Shop the best timekeeper I ever saw. It has never been out of my pocket for 9 years and has never gone wrong and has never been touched by anyone, never been cleaned or oiled, and keeps better time than any Gold Watch I ever saw," &c., &c.

In addition to our usual written guarantee the dial of this Watch carries our name which is a further assurance of our absolute confidence in accepting sponsorship in even so cheap a timekeeper.

Nickel cased Crystal face model	... Rs. 15-8	Cash Rs. 14
Silver cased Crystal face model	... " 22-8	" " 20-4
Silver cased Hunting or Half Hunting models	... ... " 27-8	" " 24-12

The watch is supplied in a neat case with spare glass and mainspring and a written guarantee that it will last for 15 years with reasonable proper care.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
WATCH MAKERS & JEWELLERS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

MONGINI BROTHERS,

The Firm for CHOCOLATES.

CHOCOLATE CREAMS,	CHOCOLATE IN FANCY BOXES,
CHOCOLATE ALMONDS,	CAILLER'S CHOCOLATE,
CHOCOLATE NOUGAT,	FRY'S CHOCOLATE,
CHOCOLATE CROQUETTES,	PETER'S CHOCOLATE,
CHOCOLATE IN PACKETS,	CADBURY'S CHOCOLATE.
CHOCOLATE IN TINS,	

Mongini's Fresh-made Assorted CHOCOLATE in 1/2 lb. and 1 lb. Cartons, Re. 1 and Rs. 2.

MONGINI BROTHERS,
25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.
NEW CONFECTIONERY and CHOCOLATE WORKS:—15, 16, 17, TAMARIND LANE.

BANKS.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.
CAPITAL PAID UP...Yen. 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ... " 16,600,000
HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien	Nagasaki
Bombay	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tsihling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo
Fengtien (Mukden)	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.

Post Box No. 207,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital	Rs. 20,00,000
Paid up Capital	" 17,62,500
Reserve Fund	" 4,00,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.
Agents and Correspondents throughout India,
HEAD OFFICE—RANGOON.
BRANCHES :—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 Half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows :—For 1 year at 6 per cent. For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods.

SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT FUND.—Sums as small as Rs. 10 are received in this account and interest allowed thereon at 5 per cent. per annum subject to the Rules of the Fund which may be obtained on application. Cheques on the Presidency Towns, Karachi and Rangoon, also Currency Notes of these circles received free of Charge in Fixed Deposit, and Savings Bank Deposit, Accounts.

Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted.

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager

Standard Buildings, Bombay, 30th June, 1910.

BANKS.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE :
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	...Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	... " 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	..... " 1,75,000

DIRECTORS :

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)

SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart. (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jenangir and Co.)

THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)

RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)

GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khattau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).

The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownagar.)

KHETSEY KHAISEY Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)

RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Hurnundrai Ramnarain, Bombay.)

The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

R. HARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per Cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application

J. A. STEWART,
Acting Manager

FOR THE HOT SEASON!!

ACHILLE BRIOSCHI & CO.

MILAN-ITALY.

ESTABLISHED IN 1880.

Diplomas awarded at Principal Exhibitions of the World.

Brioschi's EFFERVESCENT CITRATE is very light and of exquisite taste.
This Effervescent Citrate prevents gastric acid and nausea, and is highly recommended as a tonic.
Do you want a refreshing beverage during the hot season? Then make use of BRIOSCHI'S CITRATE.
Do you wish your children always to be kept in good health? Then use freely BRIOSCHI'S CITRATE.
Never leave your house without putting a tin of BRIOSCHI'S CITRATE in your hand-bag.
It is taken in water, or mixed with syrup, essences, or wines and also with coffee.
Annual consumption 1,500 tons. In Tins at 10 annas. In Bottles at 12 annas.

SOLE AGENTS :

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,
THE ITALIAN STORES,
105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT.
And can be had everywhere in BOMBAY.
PRICE LIST FOR WINES AND PROVISIONS FREE ON APPLICATION.

PEARSE & CO.'S

CELEBRATED

KILN DRIED FLOUR
in 7lb. tin.

DOG AND SHIP BISCUITS
VERY SUPERIOR.

PEARSE & CO.,
By Appointment to H. E. The GOVERNOR.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

CHOICE
ENGLISH & ITALIAN
PASTRY.

MALARIA, INFLUENZA, AND MILD FORMS OF PLAGUE.
Use BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE or PILLS. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S CHOLERAL
Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.

BATLIWALLA'S HARETONE
Has been recently improved a great deal and restores Grey Hair to its Natural Colour. Rs. 3.

BATLIWALLA'S TONIC PILLS
Cure Nervous Exhaustion and Constitutional Weakness. Re. 1-8.

BATLIWALLA'S TOOTH POWDER
Scientifically made of Native and English Drugs, such as Mayaphal and Carbolic Acid B. P. As. 4.

BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As. 4 per pot.
SOLD EVERYWHERE and ALSO BY
DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA,
WARLI LABORATORY, DADAR, BOMBAY.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in :—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine.
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands :—

Snowflake 150° in cases
Chester 125° " "
Monkey 125° " "
Elephant in tins and bulk.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The Insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p. m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

POLICE ORDER.

AS the Diwali Festival is now approaching the Public are hereby CAUTIONED against LETTING OFF or THROWING FIRE-WORKS, on or near any Public Street, Road, or Thoroughfare, and are informed that any one committing a BREACH of the Law in this respect will be taken into the custody by the Police and dealt with according to Law. The Police have been directed to enforce this Order strictly.

S. M. EDWARDES,
Commissioner of Police.

Bombay, 25th October, 1910.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

WEEK-END LONAVLA EXPRESS TRAINS.

THE DEWALI HOLIDAYS falling on MONDAY, 31st October, TUESDAY, 1st and WEDNESDAY, 2nd November, Bank holidays, the UP LONAVLA EXPRESS TRAIN will RUN from LONAVLA to BOMBAY, on THURSDAY, the 3rd November, instead of Monday as usual.

H. C. RADFORD,
Ag. General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 25th October, 1910.

THE OFFICER, COMMANDING 1st Battalion, The Royal Warwickshire Regiment, stationed at Bombay and Deolali, calls attention to the fact that under the Army Act, a soldier cannot be placed under STOPPAGES OF PAY for a PRIVATE DEBT, and that, if the inhabitants suffer Soldiers to contract debts, they do so at their own risk.

NEW MOFUSSIL COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 2nd to 16th November, 1910, both days inclusive, during which period the Account Books of the Company will be open for the inspection of Share-holders.

By Order of the Directors,
THOS. D. MOORE,
Chief Agent.

Bombay, 26th October, 1910.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner, for the City of Bombay, up to 1 P. M. (B. T.), on Tuesday, the 15th day of November, 1910, for the SUPPLY of WHITE RIVER SAND, for the Filter beds, at Vehar.

2. Form of Contract, Specification and all other particulars may be obtained free of charge from the Undersigned.

3. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,

H. J. O. SMITH, A.M. Inst. C. E., M. I. Mech. E. &c.,
Water Engineer, Municipality.

Water Engineer's Office,
Bombay, 26-10-1910.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on MONDAY, the 31st October, and TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, the 1st and 2nd November, being Public Holidays under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAYS COMPANY, LTD.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF MISCELLANEOUS STORES.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of MISCELLANEOUS STORES to the above Railway, for the year 1911, will be received by the Agent and Manager up to 4 P. M. on the 21st November, 1910.

2. Full particulars, together with Tender-form, may be obtained from the Store Keeper, Secunderabad, on payment of two Rupees.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Messrs. KENDELL and Co., Ltd., having their Registered Office, at No. 12, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay, are the SOLE PROPRIETORS of the PATENT RIGHTS for the manufacture and sale of Walke's Patent Card Boards, Washers, and of the patent rights under all other Patents taken out by Mr. C. Welke in connection with the manufacture of Gin Washers of discs of paper in which short pieces of coir or other vegetable fibres are incorporated.

The public are hereby WARNED against the manufacture, import or sale of Washers in infringement of the Patent Right of the Company.

Legal proceedings will be instituted against every party detected in manufacture of Washers in infringement of the said Patent Rights of the Company or in sale or import of Washers so manufactured—Dated this 23rd day of September, 1910.

BICKNELL, MERWANJI & ROMER,
Attorneys for KENDELL and Co., Ltd.

TO LET.

ENTIRE HOUSE, No. 57, Hornby Road. Fort, or sep rate FLATS, for non-Parsi residences or offices. Apply to N. M. Dubash, 215, Girgaum Back Road, near Sir Mungaldass House.

ALBERT VICTOR COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL.

(For all Communities)

MATHERAN.

WELL KNOWN for its position, extent, and suitability of accommodation for Single ladies and gentlemen, and for families. Excellent Cuisine and Cleanliness. Tiled Flooring in every Bedroom, Bathroom, Dressing and Verandah.

Separate Billiard and Restaurant Saloon for the use of the Hotel-residents and for outsiders. Send for printed list of Rates and Charges, and for Card giving details of size of rooms and verandah of each detached block of building.

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
34-36, BANK STREET, FORT.

SALE ON SUNDAY, 30th October.

On SUNDAY, the 30th October, at 2-30 P.M., Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on Frere Road, New Mody Bay, opposite the New Post Office, by order of a Cabinet Maker, closing business, all the furniture of his show-room, consisting of single and double almirahs, single and double cabinets, sideboards, dressing cabinet, tile-topped square and fancy teapoys, glass show cases, chest of drawers, corner cabinets, easels, wash-hand tables, picture frames, wall brackets, jardiniers, ladies' writing table, large size office writing table, office chairs, chairs, easy-chairs, hat-stands, vases, candelabra, etc., etc.

The above is on view.

J. S. MODY & CO.

Bombay, 27th October, 1910.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per thousand and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

AMUSEMENTS.

LOOK OUT FOR THE
GRAND RE-OPENING
OF THE
EXCELSIOR
CINEMATOGRAPH
ON
SATURDAY NEXT,
OCTOBER 29th.

See special Handbills for our First Grand Programme

GRAND EVENING CONCERT.

TO-NIGHT, THURSDAY, OCT. 27TH, 1910.
BANDSTAND, COOPERAGE.
IN AID OF THE
INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION.

By kind permission of the Officer Commanding and Officers, 1st Battalion, Gloucester Regiment, the Band will be present.

Admission One Rupee.
Tickets of SOUNDY and Co., or at the Gate.
Commence 9-30 P. M.

SKATING RINK

NEAR NEW POST OFFICE.

OPEN DAILY.

PRACTICE SESSION 8 to 9 a. m.
LADIES' only „ 9 to 10 a. m.
EVENING „ 6 to 8.
BAND THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS.
NIGHT SESSION 9-30 to 11-30
BAND EVERY NIGHT.

SATURDAYS UNTIL MIDNIGHT.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL £1,200,000
RESERVE FUND £1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE

3, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Kuala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Rangoon	Kiang (F. M. States.	Shanghai
Colombo	Seremban (F. M. States.	Tientsin
Karachi	Bangkok	Hankow
Amritsar	Batavia	Yokohama
Penang	Soerabaya	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

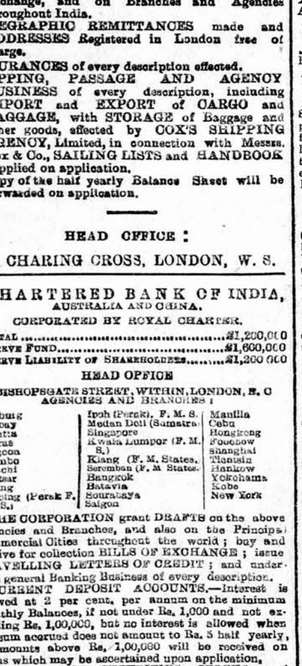
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34,

J. S. BRUCE,
Acting Agent.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.


FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS and the AGED.
BENGER'S
FOOD
assists nature.
It is used mixed with fresh new milk and forms a delicate and nutritive cream which is enjoyed and assimilated when other foods disagree. It is entirely free from rough and indigestible particles which produce irritation in delicate stomachs.
"The Lancet" describes it as "Mr. Benger's admirable preparation."
Mothers and interested persons are requested to write for Booklet "Benger's Food and How to Use it." This contains a "Concise Guide to the Rearing of Infants," and practical information on the care of Invalids, Convalescents, and the Aged. Post free on application to Benger's Food Ltd., Otter Works, Manchester, Eng.
Benger's Food is sold in tins by Druggists, etc., everywhere.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c. printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts Apply to the Manager The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

SALES & MORTGAGES arranged in the shortest possible time.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere, can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourselves. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand-new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners served till late hours.

IMPORTANT TO MOTORISTS.—Decalcifier. The great Calcium solvent will absolutely remove calcium and incrustations from Radiators and other parts. Stocked by THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hammum Street, Bombay.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey." Bombay to the Bosphorous. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

FOR SALE.—2 Printing Presses, 2 Cutting Machines and Lithographing Machines, all at very low prices, to make room for other machineries. Apply to this Office.

MR. N. P. KHARAS writes:—Singer's Sewing Machines are proved satisfactory in all respects. They are so strong that they can hardly go out to order, and as far as the mechanical excellence is concerned they are best in the World.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 23/32d. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. E. H. Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Rs. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ALWAYS go where you will get what you want without delays.—LUARD BARRINGTON AND CO., P. O. Box No. 239, Bombay.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work, Binding, Stationery, etc

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial," Rs. 2-4 per one thousand, and name and address be printed on the flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at the "Bombay Gazette" Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 3 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Re. 2 must be paid in advance.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

J. V. NAVLAKHI & Co.,
Cheapest Dealers in
STATIONERY, DRAWING
AND
PAINTING MATERIALS
For Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc
RUBBER STAMP MAKERS,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED.
CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
66 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

INSURANCES.

BONUS YEAR 1910.

NORTH BRITISH
AND
MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.
ESTABLISHED 1809.

CHIEF OFFICES
EDINBURGH: 64, Prince's Street.
LONDON: 61 Threadneedle Street.

Total Funds exceed £19,670,000
Total Revenue for 1909 exceeded. £4,280,000

The sum of over ONE MILLION STERLING was divided among Participating Life Policy-holders in 1905, yielding a BONUS at the Rate of £1-8-0 per cent, per annum not only on the original sums assured but also on all subsisting Bonuses.

POLICIES in some cases have been MORE THAN DOUBLED in amount by the addition of BONUSES.

NEW SCHEME.

Double Endowment Assurance in India at English Rates. Full particulars on application.

For latest PROSPECTUS and Proposal Forms apply to

Messrs. KING KING & Co.,
Secretaries,
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE Co.,
KING'S BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.
or to the
NORTH BRITISH and MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY'S OFFICE,
100, Clive Street, Calcutta.

THE DEMAND FOR "STANDARD" POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR, since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000. Sums Assured PER ANNUM, a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

CLAIMS PAID £27,750,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS £12,500,000
ANNUAL REVENUE ..... £ 1,500,000

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS.—At Home Rates giving a Bonus of 100 per cent. on survival.

CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS.—Payable at any age from 14 to 21 with return of all premiums in event of death.

For full information apply to

F. O. PREVOST,
Secretary,
Bombay Branch
BINNY & Co., Ld.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

REDUCED RATES.

GRESHAM LIFE OFFICE.

RESULTS FOR 1909.

New Policies issued (net) ...	£.	1,986,394
New Premiums (1909) ...	„	90,965
Surplus on transactions for above period	„	273,119
Annual Income ...	„	1,422,802
Assets ...	„	10,315,935
Total Payments under Policies	„	25,606,534

CALL FOR 1908 PROSPECTUS.

WORLD WIDE POLICIES.

Indian Lives at European Rates.

Assurances, Old Age Pensions, Children's Endowments, &c., &c.

Apply—

CROFT MODY & CO.,
CHIEF AGENTS FOR India, Burma and Ceylon
GRESHAM BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

THE ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

FUNDS OVER RS. 3,50,00,000
INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
LOW PREMIUMS.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS.
PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.
ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.

For Prospectus, containing all particulars, apply to
H. G. W. MEIKLE, F.F.A.,
ACTING MANAGER, BOMBAY.

TO ESCAPE

All Dangers—Moral and Physical,
Please Read our Book!!!
"KAM SHASTRA,"

A GUIDE to Health, Wealth and Prosperity!
Available in all Languages!!
English, Marathi, Hindi, Gujarati, Urdu, Bengali, Telugu and Tamil!
Kanarese Edition in the Press!!
More than 600,000 copies already supplied!
GRATIS and POST-FREE.

Apply to:—VAIDYA SHASTRI
MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,
Jamnagar, (Kathiawar).

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES. BUILD-UP YOUR HEALTH with WILKINSON'S

ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most WONDERFUL PURIFIER of HUMAN BLOOD

The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.

RESTORES THE WEAK,
REVIVES THE DEPRESSED

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS
A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.
BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co. Limited; KEMP & Co., &c.,

EMPIRE OF INDIA Life Assurance Company, Limited.

Head Office: BOMBAY.

Last year's business—Rs. 60,00,000.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE THE RATES AND CONDITIONS OF THE
Empire of India Life Office
WITH THOSE OF
ANY OTHER COMPANY.

Before entering into a Contract for Life Assurance examine the ANNUAL REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET To satisfy yourself of the position of the Company.

THE PREMIUMS are so moderate that, at the usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be secured from the first for a yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to an immediate and certain Bonus of 20 or 25 per cent.

Prospectus, Proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from

E. F. ALLUM, *General Manager.*

JOSEPH EVANS & SONS,

(WOLVERHAMPTON), LTD.,
CULWELL WORKS, WOLVERHAMPTON, ENG.
MAKERS OF
PUMPS & PUMPING MACHINERY.
FOR
STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.
MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

WRITE FOR LIST No. 20. CABLE: "EVANS," WOLVERHAMPTON. CODES: OWN & A.B.C. (5TH EDITION).

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 3.

THE
Bombay Gazette
EXCHANGE TABLES.
(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.
RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS
FROM
1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4 23/32d.
ALSO
Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE,
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

PLAGUE PREVENTION

DISINFECT WITH SULPHUR DI-OXIDE GAS
CLAYTON SYSTEM

MACHINES SUPPLIED TO THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT
CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES, ETC., ETC.

THE CLAYTON DISINFECTING Co., 22 CRAVEN ST., LONDON, W.C.

FOR SALE, WANTED, &C.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

A NYAYADHISH, for the Savantvadi State. Pay Rs. 125-5-140 p.m., Judicial experience and knowledge of Marathi necessary. Apply with testimonials to

POLITICAL AGENT,
Savantvadi.

WANTED.

A SMART and ACTIVE BILL COLLECTOR, must give security of Rs. 500, either by deposit of cash or Government Paper.

Apply MANAGER, "Bombay Gazette."

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES for SALE.

CARRIAGES and HORSES let on hire.

CROCKERY, CUTLERY, GLASS WARE, for sale and on hire.

FURNITURE of the latest design for sale and on hire.

HOUSES FURNISHED with neat Furniture

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &C.

J. & R. TENNENT'S
PILSENER BEER,
The best Refresher in India.
Insist upon having the original Brand.
Refuse Substitutes.
To be had of all WINE DEALERS.

ALDRIDGE, SALMON & CO., LTD.,
SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY.

The following popular and well known Brands of Whiskies from Messrs. Robertson Sanderson & Co., Ltd., Leith, can be had wholesale from

CROFT MODY & CO.
SOLE AGENTS, BOMBAY or retail from
MESSRS. BRANDON & Co.,
VICTORIA TERMINUS
and
MESSRS. DENISON & Co.,
HUMMUM ST., FORT.

Liqueur Scotch Whisky (as supplied to the Savoy Hotel and Restaurant Ltd.)

O.B.G. (Old Blended Glenlivet) WHISKY.

O.H.S. (Old Highland Scotch) WHISKY.

G.O.H. (Grand Old Highland) WHISKY.

POONA RACING SEASON.

THE CONNAUGHT HOTEL, POONA.

SELECT, well managed, replete with chary comfort and the leading HOTEL in the Station, well maintains its high character

11 Gold Medals awarded.

Number of inventions patented

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF FIRE,
FALL & BURGLAR PROOF SAFES,
LOCKS AND STRONG ROOMS.

OURS is the OLDEST FIRM in India of its kind.

Fireproof composition under the Supervision of the famous scientist, Prof. T. K. Gajjar, M. A., B. Sc., F. C. S.

The inspection of our wares is respectfully invited.

HEAD OFFICE AND SHOWROOM:—
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription. Rate.	Discount Rate.
Yearly ...	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 13 12	„ 11 0
Quarterly ...	„ 7 8	„ 6 0
Monthly ...	„ 2 8	„ 2 0

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly ...	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 30 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 20 0	„ 16 0
Quarterly ...	„ 10 10	„ 8 8
Monthly ...	„ 3 12	„ 3 0

SINGLE COPY... ... ONE ANNA.

For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette," See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ... ... Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line... ... ... „ 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee, and Payment must in all cases be made in Cash

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion ...	...	Re. 6-0 Per Inch.
Second Insertion	...	„ 3-8 do.
Third Insertion ...	...	„ 3-0 do.
Fourth Insertion	...	„ 2-8 do.
Fifth and upwards	...	„ 2-0 do.
Minimum charge	...	„ 6-0 do.

In the Native Languages double the above rates.

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for length of time special contracts are made,

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET.

		Town.	Post.
Yearly ...	... ...	Rs. 12	Rs. 15
Half-yearly...	... ...	„ 7	„ 8
Quarterly ...	... ...	„ 4	„ 5

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON, October 25.

Consols 2 1-2 per cent. ... ... 79 1-2—3-16
Ditto 3 per cent ... ... 97 unchgd
3 1-2 per cent. (Sterling Loan)... 93—1-4
3 1-2 per cent Government Securities ... ... 83 1-16 unchgd
Bar Silver in London. ... ... 25 7-8—1-16
Do. 2 months hence ... ... 26 1-16—1-16
Closing Tone of Silver.—Steady.

Silver in New York ... ... 56 1-8—1-4
Exchange on London at Paris ... 25·28 1-2—1
Do do Berlin ... 20·48 unchgd
Do do New York ... 4·85 3-4 unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate ... 3 p.c. since 20-10-10
Do. Short London Bills 3 m/st. 4 5-8 unchgd
Do. Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st... 4 1-4 unchgd
Do Fine Trade Bills 3 months. 5+1-3
Do. Fine Trade Bills 6 months.. 5+1-8
Interest day to day loans ... 4+1-4
Do. 7 day market loans ... 4 1-8+1-4
Bar Gold (per oz.) ... 77·9 unchgd
Amount withdrawn from Bank of England ... £4,70,000

COTTON.

MANCHESTER, October 25.

LIVERPOOL— Sales.
Tone of Liverpool Cotton Spot ... Good demand.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton Futures ... Firm.
Do. of Liverpool Cotton East Indian... Quiet.
Tone of Manchester Market ... Easier.
Total day's Sales at Liverpool ... 10,000
Do. Day's Sales on Spot and for Exp 1,000
Do. Day's Imports 52,500
Mid Americans ... ... 7·56—12
Egyptian F. G. F. ... 12 1-4—1-8

	O.-N.	N.-D.	D.-J.	J.-F.	F.-M.
Cotton Delivery	7·57	7·49	7·49	7·49	7·49
Mid Uplands	+12	+11	+11	+11	+11
G. O. C.					

	M.-A.	A.-M.	M.-J.	J.-J.
Liverpool	7·49	7·49	7·50	7·48
	+11	+11	+12	+11

NEW YORK, October 25.

AMERICAN MARKETS.

COTTON :—
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports ... 93,000
Do. Last year 89,000
Do. Exports to Great Britain ... 8,000
Do. Exports to Continent 17,000
Spot Cotton—14·60 +20
Futures at New York Dec. 14·48+57 } Advanced on bullish Govt. ginners report and to commission house buying.
Do do Mar. 14·59+56
NEW ORLEANS—
Spot Cotton at New Orleans ... 14 3-8+5-16
Futures at New Orleans Dec. ... 14-33+56
Do. at New Orleans Mar. ... 14·59+56
Closing tone of Futures—Steady.

The United States Census Bureau gives the amount of cotton ginned up to 18th instant 5,411,000.

WHEAT.

Wheat Choice White Karachi, per 492lbs C.I.F. 3 6 1-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—London.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Wheat—Dull.

SEEDS.

Rapeseed—Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. Nominal.
Rapeseed—Yellow Cawnpore 416 lbs 85 per cent. ex-ship ... 46 1-2
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Nominal.
Rapeseed—Brown Cawnpore 39 lbs ex-ship... ... ... 41 3-4
Do. Months—Oct.-Nov.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Rapeseed—Quiet.
Linseed—Bombay per 416 lbs ex-ship ... 79 1-2
Do. Months—Nov.-Dec.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Whether Buyers, or Sellers etc.—Sellers.
Tone of Linseed—Steady.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 65 1-4
Do Months—Dec.-Jan.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.
Do. Weather Buyers or Sellers, etc.—Sellers.

COFFEE.

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). 10 2-4

SUGAR.

German granulated sugar C. and F. India double bags. 12 4 1-2
Months of Shipment.—May-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone of Sugar—Dull.

RUBBER.

Para Rubber ...5-11—Sellers—Dull.

METAL.

Copper Braziers... ... ... £ 69
Yellow Metal 6 6 1-8

FREIGHT.

Coals Cardiff to Bombay Canal 9-6
BOMBAY, October 26.

EXCHANGE.

The market was steady at 1s. 4 3-32d. T. T., and demand and 1s. 4 11-32d. for 3 months' sight credits.

We quote :—
Bank's selling—
T. T. Ready ... ... 1 4 1-16d.
D. D. Mail ... ... 1s. 4 3-32d.
T. T. Forward ... ... 1s. 4 3-32d Nov.
Bank's Buying—
Private D. D. Ready ... ... 1s. 4 5-32d.
Credits 3 m/s " ... ... 1s. 4 11-32d.
" 4 m/s Forward ... ... 1s. 4 1-2d. Dec.
" 6 m/s Ready ... ... 1s. 4 1-2d.
Francs 3 m/s " 171 3-4
Marks 3 m/s " 139 3-4
60 d/s. Hongkong 138
" Shanghai 185 3-4
" Japan 149

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The market opened at Rs. 93-15 ready, Rs. 93-15 1st settlement, Rs. 93-15 2nd settlement and the market has remained quiet and unchanged at the same rates.

BULLION.

Bar Silver in London closed 1s. 16d. down both for ready and 2 months' forward at 25 7-8 and 26 1-16 respectively and New York was 1-4 down at 56 1-8.

Locally the silver market opened at Rs. 74-12-0. The London market declined, but private advices reported "steady" which caused the local market easier, but being settlement day Bulls were firm; hence market remained strong and forwards advanced to Rs. 75 at the close. Demand for ready was moderate and about 50 to 60 cases changed hands.

The Gold market remained quiet, but steady. Upcountry and local demand originated more than usual and prices were put up by quarter to half an anna. Sovereigns were in demand as usual and prices for shields advanced by an anna.

GOLD.

	Rs.	a.	p.
8 touch Fakirsett	23	9	0
97 touch Chinta	23	7	0
Narendas Motilal's Chop Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch	23	15	6
National Bank	23	15	6
Chartered Bank	14	0	0
Sovereigns Shield	15	4	0
Do. Dragon	15	0	0
Australian	14	0	6
English Gold	23	15	6
Native Bullion	23	15	6
Indian Specie Bank	23	15	6

SILVER.

117 1-2 Penny	75	2	6
117 Penny Ready	75	1	0
Local per tola	0	11	9

FUTURES.

First Settlement ...	75	0	6
Second do ...	75	5	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed.—Quiet. London price was 3d. down. Demand being less prices declined by an anna.

Rapeseed.—Dull. London price was unchanged; sellers being more prices declined by two annas.

Wheat.—Quiet. London price was unchanged and local market remains standstill.

Castorseed, Cottonseed, Gingellyseed and Groundnuts.—Quiet but steady. Prices unchanged.

Poppyseed and Mowrasseed.—Quieter. Enquiries were nominal and sellers being few prices declined by an anna.

Linseed, cold ... Rs. 13 10 0
Linseed, Small ... " 13 6 0
Linseed, Brown ... " 13 1 0

SAPESEED—
Brown Delhi ... " 6 8 0
Brown Cawnpore ... " 6 6 0
Yellow do. ... " 7 8 0
Do. Gujarat ... " 7 15 0
Brown Katni ... " 7 0 0
Poppyseed ... " 10 6 0
Castorseed ... " 39 to 40
WHEAT—
Pissi ... " 31 to 33
Hard Red ... " 30 to 31
GINGELLYSEED—
Yellow Hingaughat ... " 54 to 55
Bai Khandesh— ... " 70 to 90
Mowraseed ... " 7 10 0
Groundnuts ... " 48 to 50
Cottonseed ... " 25 to 26
Maize ... " 17 to 18
Wheat Yellow ... " 38 to 40
Khandwa ... " 40 to 45
Bajaro ... " 27 to 30
Joowar ... " 16 to 18
Gram ... " 21 to 24
Minbara ... " 56 to 58
Brown Jubbulpore ... " 50 to 51
Brown Meggi ... " 49 to 50
Kabra ... " 56 to 57
Black Kutni ... " 47 to 48
Myrabollams ... " 19 to 20

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Tuesday, 25th October :—

Wheat	...	...	10,252	cwts
Linseed	...	...	2,972	"
Sapeseed	...	...	5,77	"
Gingellyseed	...	...	7,580	"
Poppyseed	...	...	1,473	"
Groundnuts	...	...	545	"
Castorseed	...	...	1,372	"
Rice	...	...	2,978	"
Myrabollams	...	...	178	"
Cottonseed	...	...	4,103	"
Mowraseed	...	...	590	"
Gram	...	...	2,749	"
Joowar	...	...	569	"
Maize	...	...	680	"

SPINNINGS.

The Petits opened at Rs. 2,800 and declined to Rs. 2,790 to Rs. 2,792 1-2 at the close. Forwards were quoted at Rs. 2,775.

BANKS.

Bombay ...	...	...	...	1,575
India...	...	...	...	63
Indian Specie...	...	...	...	56 1-2

MILLS.

Colaba ...	...	...	...	1,120
Currimbhoy...	...	...	...	1,005
David ...	...	...	...	381 1-4
Finlay Mill ...	...	...	...	250
Framji Petits ...	...	...	...	1,455
Kohinoor ...	...	...	...	655
Manockji Petit ...	...	...	...	2,792 1-2
Nagpur ...	...	...	...	1,815
Swadeshi ...	...	...	...	1,085
Standard ...	...	...	...	1,042 1-2

PRESSES.

Indian Cotton ...	...	...	...	151 1-4
New Berar ...	...	...	...	575
New Mofussil ...	...	...	...	915

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay E. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...				112
Bombay E. S. & T. C. Preference ...				167
Bombay Steam Navigation ordinary				270
Colaba Land and Mill ...				1,120
Shivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...				16 3-4
Treacher and Co, ...				500

RAILWAYS.

Ahmedabad-Prantej...	...	...	...	615
Tapti Valley ...	...	...	...	487 1-2

COTTON.

Liverpool was 11 to 12 points up, New York 30 up and futures 57 and 56 up. The tone of the local market for ready lots was fair and demand for ready and forwards being firm prices advanced by Rs. 3 to 4. Opener advises 10 and 11 up. The market for new crop remained firm and demand being more prices advanced by Rs. 4 to 5. Business in New Broach was done in the morning at Rs. 316 1-2, but demand being poor prices declined to Rs. 314 1-2 at the close.

We learn of the following purchases :—

100	Hidustan Mills	Broach		282
500	Japan T Co	Bengal	270	275
500	Ralli Bros	Khandesh	275	Jan
300	Do	Nagpur		310
200	Do	Bengal		271
300	Do	Akola		295
100	Finlay Muirs	Broach		323
100	Do	Munkat		305
200	Do	Akola		280
100	Do	Yeotmal		295
200	A Blaschek	Lahore		285
100	Do	Bengal		279
Bengal Hand Gin. Fine				256
" F Good				245
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine				271
" F Good				260
Sind Punjab Fine				269
" F Good				258
Khandesh Fine				284
" F Good				274
Dhamangaon Poolgaon Fine				301
" F Good				291
Akola Khangaum Fine				298
" F Good				288
Amraoti Fine				296
" F Good				286
Yeotmal Fine				300
" F Good				296
Nagpore F Good				310
				300
Wardha Hinganghat Fine				313
" F Good				303
Methia Fine				284
" F Good				274
Broach Gin Fine				337
" F Good				329
Broach Gin Good				317
Comptah Gin				327
Sawginned Good,				325
Westerns H. G.				309
Do M G				315

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 24 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Tuesday, 25th October :—

Khandesh	...	...	...	Bales
Central India	...	...	...	"
Barsi and Nagur	...	...	...	4 "
Berar	...	...	...	1 "
Central Provinces	...	...	...	"
Comras	...	...	...	55 "
Dhollera	...	...	...	49 "
Broach	...	...	...	"
Coompta and Dharwar	...	...	...	791 "
Westerns	...	...	...	177 "
Bengal N. W. P.	...	...	...	2,051 "
Bengals Rajputana	...	...	...	"
Rajputana...	...	...	...	"
Sind	...	...	...	"
Persia	...	...	...	"
Egyptian	...	...	...	"
Other sorts	...	...	...	"
Total...				3,163

LIVERPOOL, October 26.

Opening Tone and Prices.

Opening Tone	...	...	...	Firm.
Estimated Sales	...	...	...	8,000
Total Imports	...	...	...	.....

Future Delivery Prices :—

Oct.—Nov.	7·58+11
Nov.—Dec.	7·60+11
Dec.—Jan.	7·59+10
Jan.—Feb.	7·59+10
Feb.—Mar.	7·59+10
Mar.—Apl.	7·60+11
Apl.—May	7·60+11
May.—June	7·61+11
June—July	7·59+11

FREIGHTS.

Ports.	This Month Seed.	This Month Cotton.	Next Month Seed.	Next Month Cotton.
Antwerp ...	.....	.....	15 0	15 6
Dunkirk ...	16 0	16 6	15 6	16 0
Havre	.....	.....	15 6	16 0
Hull	.....	.....	14 6	15 6
Liverpool ...	.....	.....	15 6	16 0
Marseilles ...	.....	.....	15 6	16 0
Genoa	16 6	19 0	15 6	16 0
London... ...	.....	.....	15 0	16 0
Hamburg ...	18 6	19 6	15 6	16 0
Trieste ...	.....	.....	17 0	18 0
Venice	.....	.....	17 0	18 0
Open Ports,				
December ...	15 6			
Jan-May ...	15 3			

COAL.

	Ready. Rs.	Forwards Rs.
Heilger's Anthracite Coal ...	13-0	13-0
Do. Standard " ...	12-0	12-8

METALS.

We quote :— lbs.
Copper Braziers 4 x 4 21
28
35
42
56 } Rs. 54 6
63
70
77
84
Yellow Metal Sheets 21
28
35 } " 45 8
42
49
56
Tin Ingots ... ... " 43 12
Spelter S M ... ... } to 43 14
M M ... ...
J ... ... } " 20 8
G ... ...
Georgehutte ... ... " 22 6
Copper Ingots K S ... ... " 48 4
Copper Sheetings .. lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14 57 0
Yellow Metal Bearings. lbs. 14, 16, } 46 1-2 to
10, 12 } 49 1-2

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Tuesday, Oct. 25.

GOLD.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	Sovs. and half Sovs. Rs.	Other coin. Rs.
7 Packages ...	.....	23,400	8,832

SILVER.

No. of Packages.	Bullions. Rs.	Govt. of India Rs.	Other coin. Rs.
5 Boxes ...	21,346	.....	.....
1 Bundle ...	1,000	.....	.....

Importers.	Vessels.	From
Sundry Importers ...	Naderi	Jeddah
M. Dalajee ...	Kaveri	Bhaonagar
L. Vittal ...	C. Croft	Mhowa

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 24th October, 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	19	21,507
B. B. & C. I. Railway.	29	34,807

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

NAMES.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-year's Dividend.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.				
Bank of Bombay	500	500	18 p.c.	1555
Bank of India	100	50	6 "	61
Bank of Bengal	500	500	13 "	1535
Bank of Madras.....	500	500	10 "	1335
Bank of Burmah	100	100	...	125
Eastern Bank	...	...	...	75½
The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld.....	100	10		9½
Specie Bank	100	50		57
Alliance Bank of Simla Ld.	100	100		270
Punjab National Bank...	100	100	10 "	160
People's Bank of India...	50	30		33
EXCHANGE BANK.				
Credit Bank of India Ld...	50	10	Nil	10
Chartered Bank.....	£20	£20	14 p.c.	£58
Mercantile Bank	£25	£12½	6 "	£17
Do.	25	12	6 "	
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Ld.	$125 £25	$125 £25	$2 12 p.c.	

SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad Advanced ...	500	500	yr. 20	485
Alliance	1000	1000	...	50
Berar Mfg	200	200	...	160
Bombay Cotton Mfg	500	500	40	200 N
Bombay Dyeing and M. Co.....	250	250	15½	525
Bombay United	250	250	20	225
Century	100	100	5	210
Central India.....	500	500	55	1310
China	1000	1000	...	700
Chhoi Silk	500	500	20	500
Colaba Land and Mill ...	700	700	50	1120
Coronation Mills	500	500	...	600
Connaught	300	300	...	182
Coorla	1000	1000	...	515
Crescent	100	100	...	27½
Currimbhoy	1000	1000	...	1010
Crown	1000	1000	...	500
David	250	250	...	362½
Emperor Edward	500	500	...	650
Empress	500	500	...	175½
Edward Sassoon Mill.....	200	200	nil	206
Fazulbhoy	250	250	10 p.c.	205
Framji Petit	1000	1000	60	1470
Finlay Mills	250	250	...	245
Gold Mohur	500	500	...	200
Hindustan	1000	1000	25	415
Howard and Bullough ...	500	500	15	350
Hyderabad.....	1000	1000	60	1200
Imperial Cotton.....	500	500	...	95
India Mfg.....	1000	1000	...	370
Indo-China Mfg.....	1000	1000	75	750
James Greaves	500	500	...	220
Jamshed Mfg.....	250	250	...	165
Jiviraj Baloo	1000	1000	...	375
Jubilee Mills	1000	1000	...	200
Kamdhenu	1000	610	25	900
Khatow Makonjee.....	1000	1000	25	730
Kohinoor	500	500	15	670
Leopold	100	100	...	25
Lakshmi Cotton.....	1000	1000	yr. 100	1455
Madras United	1000	1000	80	2700
Manockji Petit	1000	1000	75	2800
Morarji Goculdas	1000	1000	150	3250
Mysore Spinning	250	250	...	50
Mysore Spinning	30	30	...	...
Moon	1000	1000	...	100
New Great Eastern	200	200	5	187½
New City of Bombay ...	500	500	30	755
Phoenix	100	100	...	78½
Presidency	1000	1000	yr. 40	450
Queen	1000	1000	nil	400
Ripon	1000	1000	50 div.	550
Sassoon Cotton	1000	1000	60	840
Sassoon Silk.....	500	500	yr. 35	600
Sholapur.....	1000	1000	150	4300
S. Mahratta	250	250	15	170
Standard Mills	500	500	60	1040
Sun	250	250	nil	105
Swam	250	250	nil	235
Swadeshi	...	...	...	1090
Textile	500	500	25	900
Vishnu Cotton .....O.	500	500	nil	320
Do. .....F.	400	400	nil	610
Western India	1000	1000	25	410

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar	750	750	300	5000
Albert (Karachi).....	1100	1100	45	850
Bombay Cotton	125	125	15	80
Breul's Cawnpore	200	200	nil	145
Broach City.....	200	200	14	170
Fort	475	475	22½	1300
Godavery Valley.....	100	100	6	...
Harvey & Subhapatty ...	250	250	50	515
Hindustan P. and M.	250	250	15	...
Hingolee	100	100	8	115
Indian Cotton	125	125	7½	151½
Jamna Gin. & Pressing Co..	1000	1000	70	700
Khangaum	400	400	nil	320
Mahomedpura Cotton.....	125	125	7½	...
Mahuva.....	200	200	nil	100
Mercantile	125	125	nil	46½
Manmar Mfg.	250	250	25	300
New East India	1000	1000	75	904
New Mofussil Co.	400	425	50	915
New Berar.....	500	525	30	577½
New Prince of Wales	500	510	30	750
Nowrozjee	100	112	nil	...
Peerbhoy	100	100	10	...
Rajkot	400	400	30	695
Surat City	200	200	20	215
Walkart U. P. Co., Ld. ...	500	500	45	640
Wadhwan G. & P.	150	50	12	N

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty and luxury, use the "ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, "is pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Cathurst, Countess of Westmeath, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning :—When buying the Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap see that the name and figure head of Albion are on the wrapper, sold by Chemists Grocers, etc.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

NICOLL—October 26, at Reham Mansions, the wife of William G. Nicoll, of a son.

MARRIAGE.

GRAHAM—SHUTTLEWORTH—October 25, at All Saints, Malabar Hill, by the Lord Bishop of Bombay, Dorothy, daughter of Allan Shuttleworth (late Indian Forest Department) of Sandwich, Kent, to Archibald Knightley son of the late Donald Graham, C. I. E., and Mrs. Graham, Airthrey Castle Bridge of Allan, N. B.

POONA.

BIRTH.

JACKSON—October 22, at 22 Queen's Garden, Poona, the wife of Lieut.-Col. J. Jackson, I. M. S., of a daughter.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

GRAHAM—October 21, at Bareilly, the wife of L S Graham, of a daughter.

DANIELL—October 22, at Lucknow, to Captain Daniell, Seaforth Highlanders, and Mrs Daniell, of a son.

DEATH.

ATKINSON—October 13, at Srinagar, Kashmir, Alex. Atkinson, C. E.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Nasik Conspiracy Trial, Bombay High Court, 11 a.m.

Skating Rink : Practice Session, 8 to 9 a.m. Ladies' Session, 9 to 10 a. m. ; 6 to 8 p. m. ; 9-30 to 11 p. m.

Evening Concert on the Co-operage in aid of the Indo-British Institution.

Mixim : "Think twice before you speak, then say nothing."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

ENGLISH MAIL.

ARRIVAL.

P. and O. Company's s.s. "Salsette," with the English Mails of the 14th October, which left Aden at 7 a.m. on Monday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 11 a.m. to-morrow.

DEPARTURE.

P. and O. Company's steamer "Mantua" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-30 p.m. on Saturday.

ARRIVAL OF NATIVE CHIEF.—His Highness the Maharajan of Alwar arrived in Bombay yesterday morning and is staying at the Taj Mahal Hotel.

ACWORTH LEPER ASYLUM.—The Chairman, Acworth Leper Asylum, Matunga, acknowledges with thanks a donation of Rs. 375 received from Mr. Toolsidas Tribhuvandas, one of the Executors of the late Sir Harkisondas Narrotumdas, Kt.

THANKSGIVING MASS.—The Catholic employees in the G. I. P. Railway administrative offices will celebrate their annual thanksgiving mass in the Mount Mary's Church, Bandra Hill, on Sunday, the 30th instant, at 9-30 a.m. (S. T.). The Revd. Father J. Devine, S. J., has kindly consented to preach. Mercandante's Mass will be sung for the occasion.

MOONLIGHT BAND ON THE ESPLANADE.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. W. R. P. Wallace and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion, Gloucester Regiment, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. F. Hawkes, B. M., commencing at 9 o'clock to-night :—

March.....Kansas City Star .....Liberati
Overture.....Light Cavalry .....Suppe
Song .....Good Bye .....Tosti
Selection.....Harry Lauder's Songs...Hume
Serenade...The Warblers .....Perry
Polka .....The Jolly Blacksmith ...Hartmann
Valse ..... Old Braggs.....Hawkes

SUICIDE OF A PARSI PRIEST.

TUESDAY evening a Parsee Priest named Bomanji Pestonji Pantaki, 35, died by jumping out of a window from the second floor of his house. The deceased was suffering from consumption for the last ten years and was very much tired of his life. The deceased as it may appear was sleeping on a cot near a window on the second floor. He was found just under the window lying unconscious and died within a quarter of an hour. Yesterday morning an inquest was held by Mr. G. F. Chalk, the Coroner of Bombay, and a verdict of suicide was recorded by the jury.

A NEW BOOK ON OLD SCRIPTS.

AN interesting feature of the new publications of Asiatic Society of Bengal is the addition of a work entitled "Tazkira-i-Khushnawisan or Memoirs of Caligraphers" which has been edited, with copious notes, by Moulavi M. Hidayat Hosain, Lecturer in Arabic and Persian, Presidency College, Calcutta. In order to make the volume interesting, the learned Professor has added an introduction in the Persian language which contains four chapters :—(1) On the origin of the Arabic character, (2) On the origin and evolution of the ancient Persian different scripts, (3) Diacritical points and letters used in Islam, and (4) A short history of caligraphy. Three books only are published on this subject :—The first in the Persian language dealing with 34 caligraphers and published in Teheran in 1874, the second in the Turkish language and published in Constantinople in 1888 and the third in the French language, but none of these deal with Indian artists at any length. This book is the first of its kind in India and deals mostly with the Indian caligraphers.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR MAILS FOR FOREIGN COUNTRIES.

Below are shown the latest dates on which correspondence and parcels for certain foreign countries and places can, under ordinary circumstances, be despatched from Bombay, so as to secure arrival in those countries about Christmas Day and New Year's Day. The latest safe date for posting of course varies at different places, but it can be ascertained at the local post office.

Countries of destination.	Christmas Day. Letters.	Christmas Day. Parcels.	New Year's Day. Letters.	New Year's Day. Parcels.
1. From BOMBAY for—				
(a) Aden	Dec 17	Dec 17	Dec 24	Dec 24
(b) Somaliland, Egypt.	" 10	" 10	" 17	" 17
(c) United Kingdom.	" 10	" 10*	" 17	" 17*
(d) Canada, United States of America.	Nov 26	Nov 26*	" 3	" 3*
(e) Cyprus, Turkey, Greece, Russia, Malta, Gibraltar, Spain, Portugal, Belgium, Luxemburg, Germany, Austria Hungary, Holland, Denmark.	Dec 3	Dec 3	" 10	" 10
(f) Italy, France, Switzerland.	" 10	" 10	" 17	" 17
(g) Japan	Nov 20	Nov 18	" 4	" 2

* These dates are for the route via Brindisi only. The dates of despatch for parcels for the United Kingdom, Canada, United States of America, marked for transmission by the route via Gibraltar, are a week earlier.

MUNICIPAL STANDING COMMITTEE.

A MEETING of the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, the Hon'ble Mr. Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy Ebrahim presiding.

COLLECTION OF GUTS IN THE SLAUGHTER HOUSE.

Consideration was given to a letter from Mr. Wolf applying for licenses for his workmen to enter the Bandora Slaughter House to collect refuse which he intended to arrange to purchase from the butchers. He submitted that he held license to collect skins, but the same coolies employed for the purpose were not permitted to collect the guts. He offered Rs. 1,500 as a lump sum to get permission for his men to enter the slaughter house and collect the guts.

The Commissioner having been asked to report on the matter submitted the following report :—

"I have the honour to observe that it is incumbent on Mr. Wolf to show to the satisfaction of the Commissioner, that if a license to collect guts is granted to him, he will be able to collect guts without causing trouble inside the slaughter-house. Mr Wolf says he will make his own arrangements after getting a license. But at present 85 out of the 90 butchers are under contract to give the guts from animals slaughtered by them to the person at present holding a license, Mr. Meyer. The remaining 5 also give the guts belonging to them to Mr. Meyer, but are under no contract to do so. If Mr. Wolf is able to prove to me that a fair number of butchers will deal with him (even if they thereby break their contract with Mr. Meyer), I am quite willing to give him a license. But I consider it would be very unwise to give him a license in the first place and allow his men to go in and try to secure the guts that would be collected under contract by Mr. Meyer's men. The butchers are not easy men to deal with and the strong probability of a disturbance in the slaughter house is to be avoided. This is quite distinct from the question whether Mr. Meyer or any one else who is given a license should not be required to pay a larger sum than is at present received by the Municipality. As I pointed out in my previous letter this is a somewhat difficult matter, as the intestines belong to the butchers, not to the Municipality. Although, therefore, the Municipality has the right to regulate, in the interests of order, the admission of persons to the Slaughter House, and may claim some return for the facilities for collection afforded by the creation of the Slaughter House, yet it would not be justified in putting an excessive fee on this right to collect, still less to grant it as a monopoly. The butchers would, if the Municipality did this, be justified in demanding the right to take the guts, outside, and this would be intolerable from a sanitary point of view. The case of Calcutta has been quoted but not altogether correctly. At the Harrison Road Slaugher House, where sheep are principally slaughtered, no fees are, to the best of my belief, levied by the Calcutta Corporation. At the Tangra Slaughter House four dealers are licensed who pay Rs. 1,500 each, but this is, nominally at least, on account of the lease of a room in the Slaughter House, in which they clean the guts. I say, nominally, because this rent is clearly too high, qua rent, for a room only measuring 750 square feet. Still the amount is levied on that account, not for the right to collect the guts. At present Mr. Meyer pays Rs. 60 for his license and Rs. 62 for the various men employed by him and is allowed a small shed. He has built up the business, since formerly the Municipality not merely got no return but had to pay for the removal of the guts, and he probably worked at a loss for the first few years. The business is now probably profitable, and, as I have indicated above, the Municipality might now get some share in return for the facilities they gave. I would propose therefore that from the beginning of next year, Mr. Meyer should be asked to pay Rs. 1,500 per annum, this to cover all licenses required for his men. If Mr. Wolf or any one else, can show that he is likely to be able to collect the guts without causing any disturbance, I would propose that he should be given a license for the same sum."

It was resolved to inform Mr. Wolf in terms of the Commissioner's report.

The Committee then adjourned to Friday, the 4th November, at 4-10 p.m.

ANTHROPOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF BOMBAY.

THE ordinary monthly meeting of the

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

R I M S Dalhousie ...1573 Comdr W Mitchel...R I M
R I M S Investigator...Lieut Danson...Marine Survey of India...R I M
R I M S Palinurus.....Lieut Danson ...Marine Survey of India...R I M
R I M S Lawrence.....Comdr Mill .....R I M
R I M S Minto ..... Lt Comdr G H S Lamuche...R I M
H M S Hyacinth.....Capt J D Dick .....R N Flagship
R I M S Dufferin.....Comdr A J Marsack.....R I M S
H T Plassy.....4615 Comdr.....Not lay

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Oct. 22.

Banca .....3794 Collyer .....P & O S N Co
Barque Brilliant ...3809 Morrison ...Standard Oil & Co
Braziliana.....2488 Snowdon.....
Caithness .....2222 Proctor ..W & A Graham & Co
Clan Mackay .....1653 Leslie...James .....Finlay & Co
Delhi...4784 Gordon ...Sha ghai ...9-21 .....P & O Co
Feliciana.....2785 Falck.....T Morrison & Co
Jalanda.....3361 McClelland .....M M & Co
Mantua.....5905 Vibert .....P & O S N & Co
Nerbudda .....1961 Maude .....M M & Co
Nawab .....2041 Elliot .....T Morrison & Co
Safa .....502 Willoughby ...B & H S N & Co
Usukuzi.....1297 Clarke.....
Waroonga.....1609 Chappell .....M M & Co
Vandobona .....2624 Enwando.....A L S N & Co
Lhasa.....659 Mc Diarmid.....M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Oct. 26.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
B Buffalo.....	2583	Clark.....	Hull via Karachi	28-10	J Finlay & Co
D & E Fakhri.....	2555	Revill	Jeddah ...	27-10	B & H S N Co
K Care Breton...	2501	Warden..	Dunkirk	7-11	K N & Co
N Folmina.....	2546	Byken	Hull ...	3 11...	W & A Graham & Co
O Traveller.....	1930...	Pug ...	Dunkirk.....	29-10	Killick Nixon & Co
P Hohenfels	3407	Muller.....	Hamburg.....	2 11...	W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1	Hakata Maru...	3819	Mocker.....	Kobe.....	4-11... N Y Kaisha
2	Orsolo...	2849	Thiesty.....	Calcutta.....	28-10... Venice S N Co
3	Hillfern ...	2776	Williams.....	Barrow-in-Furness...	29-10 ..W & A Graham & Co
5	Mimosa ...	2197	Bone...	Liverpool...	28-10 Ralli Bros
7	Koerber..	3157	Foresti...	Trieste...	1-11 A L S N Co
14	Dwarka...	759	Moxon...	Busreh ...	27 10...M M & Co
15	Naseri...	911	Micre...	Jeddah...	28-10 B & P S N & Co
16	Naderi...	1163	Gore...	Jeddah...	29-10...B & P S N Co

H W P D

Courland . 760 Ebrahim...G Port...27-10 Bo S N Co Ld
Bahadari ... .829 Ahmed ..Repairing ...Bo S N Co Ld
Kaveri...553 Dawood...B Nagar ..26 10 ..Bo S N Co Ld
Nettavati.....699 Fakeera.....N F...N F...Bo S N & Co

M W D D

Najmi..... ...2522 Hallet ...Jeddah...5-11...S & A M Jeewanji

ARRIVALS.

Vessels.	Commanders.	From
Vindobona	Rannondo ..	Trieste, Oct 7
Lhasa	McDiarmid...	Karachi, Oct 24

DEPARTURES.

Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
Hatamat.....	Pites	Calcutta
Khasru	Hannah	Jeddah

The following vessel obtain his portclearance on Wednesday:—

Steamer Dwarka, Muxos Persian Gulf.

The following vessels began to load on Wednesday:—

Steamer Delhi, for London.
,, Hakata Maru, for China.
,, Salsette, for Aden.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Florio and Rubattino S N Co's steamer Deo Balduino from Genoa left Suez on the 26th instant for Aden and Bombay.

The German East Africa Line steamer Markgraf left Mombasa for Bombay on the 25th instant afternoon via Lamu.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Oct.	Vessels	From
20	Belle of England	Calcutta
21	Clan Lamont	Liverpool
22	Holywell	London
23	Glenely	Australia
	Golconda	London
24	Thongwa	Straits
	Twingone	Rangoon

DAILY EXPORTS—OCT. 26.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Traveller s—10 bales silk waste, Killick Nixon and Co; 481 cwts myrabolams, A Kaimji; 2,004 cwts myrabolams, E Oomersey; 219 cwts kaug and 325 cwts dillseed, Baur and Krause.

FOR LONDON.

Mantua s—300 cwts dillseed, Volkart Bros; 4,932 cwts cottonseed, Ralli Bros.

Buffalo s—45 cwts gum assafotida, S Bhimji.

Delhi s—400 bales hemp, J Goviadji; 100 bales hemp, M Moolji and Co.

FOR HULL.

Buffalo s—287 cwts castorseed, and 1,000 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji.

Folmina s—1,519 cwts myrabolams, E Oomersey.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Folmina s—6,000 cwts rapeseed and 2,000 cwts poppyseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

Cape Breton s—1,000 cwts buffalo horns, E Mahomed.

FOR BALTIMORE.

Barque Brilliant s—6,000 tons manganese ore, R A Willis.

FOR HAMBURG.

Hohenfels s—229 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 1,570 bales cotton, 100 cwts ajwanseed, 400 cwts poppyseed, 200 cwts mustardseed and 700 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Bros; 385 bales cotton fly and 50 bales hemp, K Vishram and Co; 367 cwts gum, R Damji and Co; 495 bales cotton fly, C Parej and Co; 250 bales sawri cotton; G Virji and Co; 100 bales hemp, M Moolji and Co; 1 pot rosabid, Strathman and Pass;

FOR GENOA.

Cape Breton s—100 bales cotton, Tata Sons and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Hillfern s—100 cwts rapeseed, Volkart Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Koerber s—375 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 173 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

Vindobona s—165 bales cotton, A Blaschek and Co; 2,000 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR VENICE.

Vindobona s—300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR FIUME.

Vindobona s—2,000 cwts teelseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR ALEXANDRIA.

Vindobona s—832 cwts fenugreekseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Hakata Maru s—400 bales twist, M B Kaisha; 500 bales twist, O Rozabim and Co.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Hakata Maru s—2,500 cwts rapeseed, M M Essabhoy.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Hakata Maru s—500 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 500 bales twist, Tata Sons and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Hakata Maru s—2,500 cwts rapeseed, M M Essabhoy; 500 bales cotton, W. Wolf and Sons; 200 bales cotton, B Jairaj and Co; 3,850 cwts rapeseed, Beiho and Co; 100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros; 2,000 bales cotton, G Dossa and Co.

It is announced in Army Orders that in future non-commissioned officers and men, other than drivers, of the Royal Horse Artillery will be equipped with swords and sword belt, which will be worn on all occasions when full dress is worn. Swords will not be carried by the Royal Horse Artillery at training and manœuvres, nor on any other occasion when service dress is worn.

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***. All communications of a literary characters should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should no be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Thursday, 27th October, 1910.

INDIAN MINERAL PRODUCTION.

THE latest addition to the records of the Geological Survey of India, to hand yesterday, consists of a report on the mineral production of India during 1909 and another on the work of the department in the same year. In certain cases it seems the results of the operations of the Survey have already appeared in their publication and are therefore only briefly referred to in the new issue. The work still in progress in Rajputana and in Burma is, however, not yet completed, and is accordingly described in somewhat greater detail. It is also explained that the issue of the quinquennial review of mineral production for 1904-8 has been considerably delayed, because Sir T. Holland, who was engaged in compiling it, proceeded on leave in September and was compelled to hand over the works to Dr. Fermor. Moreover, the progress made by the mineral industry in this country during the period in question has so greatly exceeded that of the preceding six years that not only has it taken a longer time to collect and arrange the material, but it has also been found necessary to set apart a whole volume of the Records. The returns of mineral production for the year 1909 are briefly dealt with in the new publication, though a list of licenses and leases granted for prospecting and mining in Government lands is appended. A large number of petrological determinations are recorded, as having been made by Mr. Jones, of the rocks collected by him in the Gwalior State and by Mr. Heron of the Alwar rocks, but no types of particular interest have been found among them. Mr. Vredenburg has worked out the petrology of the rocks, collected by Captain R. G. Lloyd in the hill country, north of Aden. The assemblage of specimens from the older volcanic series resembling that of the upper cretaceous formation in Baluchistan and Persia, together with their superposition upon the Jurassic rocks, leaves little doubts that they belong to the same period of volcanic activity as the Deccan trap. Besides many scientific investigations reported in the volume chapters tell us of economic enquiries, which are of more general interest. A small patch of Damuda rocks at Gilhurria on the western flanks of the Rajmahal hills, containing a term of combustible carbonaceous shale, was examined by Mr. Stuart, in course of his examination of the area for China-clay and glass-making sands. The occurrence is interesting as it indicates the continuance of the Damudas of the Hura and Dhamui coal-fields beneath the trap, but the coal, which was being quarried by the natives is of poor quality at the outcrop.

At the instance of the Railway Board the coal mines being worked by Indian owner in the Punjab Salt Range in the Shahpur district, were visited, as application had been made for the construction of a branch line from Dhak station on the Sind-Sagar line to the foot of the range to serve the mines. At present the mines are worked entirely from the outcrop and no attempt has been made to form a reliable estimate of the quantity of coal available. The present output is not more than forty or fifty tons a day and until more capital is spent on the development and equipment of the mines, it is considered to be premature to discuss the question of constructing a branch line to the locality, unless there is a demand for building-stone from the range sufficient to supplement the coal traffic. Reports of the discovery of coal in the valley of the Great Ranjit river, in Sikkim, having been received, Mr. La Touche visited the localities. Several of the outcrops had been opened out sufficiently to show that the so-called coal is a dense black carbonaceous shale, so greatly crushed as to have assumed a nodular structure, in which the nodules are surrounded by a thin glistening film of carbon. It is so impure however that when placed on a fire it merely becomes calcined and it will not support combustion. Some of the seams are as much as six feet in thickness, but none of the so-called coal is of any value as fuel. Recent discoveries of copper show considerable promise. Copper-ore in Sikkim are now being worked under European supervision. The condition in which the lodes occur, especially the intense folding and dislocations to which the rocks have been subjected, render it extremely difficult to form a definite opinion regarding the continuation of any particular occurrence of ore, but it is evident that in many cases the lodes, though perhaps originally continuous, have been broken up into a succession of small detached lentiolos or pockets and that the location of these would be a matter of great difficulty and expense. In a few instance, however, lodes of some persistence have been opened up and may prove of worthy exploitation by modern methods.

The section of the work relating to mining operations shows the value of those recovered to have been £7,499,228 as compared with £7,861,935 last year. There have been again more or less pronounced increases in the value of gold, petroleum, saltpetre and jadestone; while manganese-ore, mica, ruby, iron-ore and diamonds, the production of which had decreased in 1908, now show signs of recovery; but there was a decided drop in the value of coal, due to the depression in trade that followed the extraordinary activity of the years 1906-8. While the sharp drop in the value of magnesite, again demonstrates how precarious is the demand for such minerals and how quickly they respond to changes in the European market. Salt, graphite, chromite, tin-ore and amber have also suffered a decrease. The net result is that for the first time since statistics have been published in the Records of the Survey, there was a drop in the total value of mineral production. It must, however, be observed, writes Mr. La Touche that this fall in value does not denote any serious diminution in the activity displayed in exploiting the mineral resources of the country, for it was the over-speculation of the previous years that caused the abnormal production of coal, the mineral mainly responsible for the decrease, in 1908, leaving huge stocks to be disposed of in the next year when, as a natural result, the average price per ton fell from Rs. 3-15 to Rs. 3 8. A considerable drop occurred too in the number of mining concessions granted, namely, from 816 to 693; but there was a very great increase in the number of mining leases, the figures being 71 and 156 respectively. Most of these were for Baluchistan and omitting the figures for that province it is found there is no indication of a more than normal development of the industry.

DISPENSARIES FOR BOMBAY.

MEANS of medical relief are still very inadequate in various parts of the area of the Bombay Presidency. So says the annual report on the civil hospitals and dispensaries under the Bombay Government. In consequence a scheme for the establishment of a number of additional dispensaries is receiving the attention of Government. The scheme is almost complete, and the assistance of the charitably-disposed is invited for the building and, endowing of such institutions in places, where they are greatly needed. This will be a comprehensive scheme which will, if adequate assistance be received, make a considerable addition to the facilities already existing for the relief of sickness. Apart from it the number of institutions in the Presidency has continued to increase—for instance, during the last year, nineteen new institutions were opened and 14 closed, increasing the total from 718 to 723—but Government evidently now desire to remedy on a broad scale the lack of provision of the kind, which the Presidency at present keenly feels. We can only heartily endorse their appeal, as subscribers to such an object could not be more certain that the benefit of their gifts will be fully realised by the people, for whose assistance they are bestowed. Turning to statistics of illness in the Presidency during the past year it is found that the total number of patients, in-door and out-door rose to two and a quarter millions (twenty-two lakhs and a half) or 47,270 more than during the preceding year. These figures alone show that the advantages of medical institutions are becoming increasingly recognised, and that Government is well warranted in making its appeal. Of in-door patients alone there was a decrease of 1,416 compared with an increase of 48,686, in out-door patients, indicating that the added provision is required rather of dispensaries for the treatment of out-door patients than of hospitals, of which apparently there is at present a sufficiency. The percentage of mortality was 9·8, practically the same as that of last year, while the number of beds available was 5,672 and the daily average number of patients occupying them was 2,797. There was no marked increase of cases of any particular disease except cholera. Cholera cases, however, rose from 288 in 1908-09 to 2,347. The disease chiefly prevailed in the Deccan and its spread was mainly due to the Sinhast pilgrimage at Nasik. On the other hand there was a remarkable decrease in the cases of leprosy from 4,012 to 1,961, a fact which puzzles General Stevenson, the medical officer reporting, who frankly admits that he can supply no explanation. He indicates a direction by which the educational functions of dispensaries can perform useful service when he mentions that amongst diseases, which are largely preventible by attention to cleanliness and simple hygienic rules, diseases of the eye, including conjunctivitis, furnish a very large number of cases. Malarial fevers showed a decrease of 5,396 cases, but still supply 18·54 per cent. of the total number of patients. The epidemic of 1908 was continued only during the early months of 1909, but while the decrease is a satisfactoay one, malaria is evidently still more prevalent than it should be, and it is to be hoped that the additional measures which Govsrnment now propose to take will go a considerable distance in reducing the disease. Last year's work afforded experience of which advantage is now to be taken and better results may be expected. General Stevenson reports in this respect:—The experiment of sending travelling Sub-Assistant Surgeons into selected distriots for the purpose of treating malarial fevers was tried in Sind, West Khandesh and Poona. The results were not so good as were hoped for, but the men were not sent out early enough in the season, and a repetition of the experiment has been recommended to Government. Provision is also being made for a wider and cheaper distribution of quinine.

STAMPS.

LAST year was evidently a busy one in lawyers' offices in Bombay, for we find by reference to the annual report of the Superintendent of Stamps that the total receipts under both the Stamps Act and the Court Fees Act, show a substantial increase. The total realisations were amounted to Rs. 61,26,866 compared with Rs. 53,55,598 during the preceding year. Receipts under the Stamp Act were Rs. 25,81,981 compared with Rs. 23,66,993 in 1908-9 while under the Court Fees Act Rs. 35,44,885 were received compared with Rs. 29,88,605. In Bombay alone the recoveries amounted to Rs. 32,01,910 compared with Rs. 24,90,933, and were as much as 52·2 per cent. of the total revenue of the Presidency (excluding Sind). On the other hand, charges, owing to smaller payments in respect of refunds showed a decline of Rs. 3,742, the expenditure having been Rs. 2,30,430 as against Rs. 2,34,172 in 1908. The total amount received from the sale of judicial stamps rose by over five and a half lakh of rupees and nearly five lakhs of the increase was recovered in the city of Bombay. Ahmedabad, Poona, and the two divisions of Khandesh also showed improved results, but at Nasik and at Ratnagiri there was a decline. Impressed stamps and labels again showed an increase of well over a lakh, viz., Rs. 1,35,430. Among other more notable figures we find that there was a decrease of nearly Rs. 4,000 on the sale of share transfer stamps, and there was also an increase, not unnatural under the circumstances yielding Rs. 6,750 on applications for legal practitioners' licenses. There was again a decrease in the number of offices which sell stamps. The abolition of discount on postage stamps and India revenue stamps now renders these licenses much less valuable and there is little demand for them. In Bombay the number of licenses, which is thirteen remained the same, but in the whole Presidency it was reduced from 1,014 to 995. Six hundred and nineteen cases were taken up for investigation in Bombay out of 820 for the whole Presidency, and in 357 cases payments of additional duty produced Rs. 2,110. In Karachi a large increase of revenue is attributable to an improvement in trade and land speculation. The gross revenue from stamps and under the Court Fees Act amounted to Rs. 7,93,940 an increase of nearly sixty thousand rupees on the previous year, and of nearly ninety thousand over the income when the depot was first opened in Sind in 1905. The most notable department in which higher receipts were shown was under the head of impressed stamps and labels, where an increased income of nearly Rs. 50,000 was realised and was due to the improvement in the cloth and grain trade.

THE Government of India, will, it is understood, shortly refer the question of Excise Duty on Burma petroleum to the Burma Government and nothing is likely finally to be decided till early next year.

WE hear that His Highness the Nawab of Palanpur, G. C. I. E., will arrive at Grant Road Station by special train at 9-10 a. m., on Friday morning the 28th instant, and will reside while in Bombay at Walkeshwar Road.

MR. SANDERS SLATER, Administrator-General, Bombay, who was placed on special duty in Calcutta, has submitted his report on the proposed amalgamation of the offices of the Administrator-General and the Official Trustee of Bengal, which has been referred to the Bengal Government for their opinions.

THE Port Officer, Bombay has issued the following notice:—From 7th to 24th November the unattended Bombay floating light-vessel will be withdrawn from her station and replaced by a light-vessel painted red and having three masts. By day she will carry a red ball at the main mast head. By night she will exhibit a white light revolving once in every 20 seconds at a height 36 feet above the water line, visible all round the horizon at a distance in clear weather of 10 miles.

A TELEGRAM from Helena, Montana, states that Mr. J. C. Mars has attempted to cross the Rocky Mountains in a biplane. He, however, failed in the attempt, falling at the top of the Elliston Pass and badly smashing his machine. He escaped injury himself. In making the attempt, Mr. Mars made a height record for the United States. He reached an attitude of 7,700 feet.

AN Imperial rescript has been issued conferring upon M. Isvolsky the order of the White Eagle. The rescript states that M. Isvolsky took office as Minister for Foreign Affairs in 1906 when the political situation was in a complicated state, and that he had pursued with unabated energy and insight the real interests of Russia, which he had successfully furthered, especially in the understandings arrived at with Great Britain and Japan.

COLONEL J. E CAPPER, C. B., commandant of the Army Balloon School, recently gave an illustrated lecture on airships and aeroplanes under the auspices of the Women's Aerial League. The apathy of the English people in the conquest of the air, he said, was extraordinary. Continental countries and America were pushing ahead because they knew what the conquest of the air meant to them as nations, and he believed that it was absolutely necessary for Great Britain for its own safety if not to take the lead to be to the fore in the matter. Men would do anything for women, and it was for the women of England to wake the men up to the realities of the thing. Before many years were past serial navigators would be common. All wars would begin with the conquest of the air, which might result in making war so terrible to the population as eventually to make for peace.

A GLASGOW message states that shipbuilders have been invited to tender for warships wanted by the Chilian Government. Competition is to be international, British, German, French, American, and Italian firms having been asked to fill up schedules. The Chilian battleships will have 24,000 tons displacement, and will have the heaviest type of armour plates. The destroyers will be notable because of their 1,400 tons displacement and their thirty-two knots speed. Tenders are to be sent to London.

THE GERMAN POINT OF VIEW.

Turkish Loan and French Political Aspirations.

BERLIN, OCT. 7.

THE Sublime Porte is in need of a new foreign loan of the moderate amount of 6 million pounds sterling, certainly not in consequence of the strained relations with Greece about Crete, but for purposes of adjusting, the State Budget to the new circumstances of parliamentary life. As a matter of course, Paris was the market whence to get the supply not only because money is more abundant there than anywhere else, but also because the French are already the chief creditors of Turkey. Their principal stronghold is in the "Banque Ottomane" at Constantinople. But the Turkish Minister of Finance Djavid Bey, one of the most prominent statesmen of the Young Turks, did not wish to strengthen the influence of that mighty institution any further. He therefore applied to another group of Paris Banks, and certainly could have succeeded if the French Government had allowed that the new loan was quoted at the Stock Exchange like former Turkish Government Bonds. Owing to the opposition of the "Banque Ottomane" the French Foreign Office interfered and made the privilege subservient to conditions that were declared by Djavid Bey as equivalent to handing over the control of the Turkish finances to the "Banque Ottomane" and to the French Government. He was afraid that the Foreign Office in Paris planned to avail itself of this loan to limit the financial freedom of Turkey in a similar way as that of Morocco had been curtailed in 1904, when the Sultan Abdul Aziz contracted a loan of 2 1-2 pounds only. His suspicion was aggravated, when it was announced that M. Revoil, the former Minister extraordinary, to Morocco had been appointed President of the "Banque Ottomane".

But there are other financial enterprises at work in Turkey besides the French bankers. For instance the National Bank of Turkey, a concern of some London capitalists under the guidance of Sir Ernest Cassel, and several German and Austrian banks. Djavid Bey transfered his negotiations to London and offered very liberal conditions, because he considered it a political gain to get a counterweight against the "Banque Ottomane" in Constantinople. But an extraordinary obstacle appeared very soon; the English Foreign Office, out of consideration of French wishes, prevented the placing of this Turkish loan on the London market. The disappointed Young Turks, of course, saw to it, that the whole world was taken into the secret, how the English Government had abandoned its old principle not to interfere in private business affairs of its nationals. On the other hand, a French paper tried to rescue the situation by the fictitious news a secret military convention between Turkey and Roumania to enter into such a compact that was sure to endanger the peace in the Balkan Peninsula, as Bulgaria and Greece will now be attacked by Turkey as soon as the money for mobilisation is found. The English Government was according to this theory quite justified to prohibit a loan that may be meant for warlike purposes. It was astonishing that some London papers stuck to this canard after it had been repudiated in Bukarest and Constantinople. But the "Daily Graphic" was candid enough to express a regret that such a federation of the only two Balkan States that were not bent on aggrandizement was not concluded long ago: it dismissed the insinuation that Germany and Austria had played an underhand part by referring to the fact that neither of them claimed to have rendered this excellent service to European peace. But the result was that Sir Ernest Cassel pointed to Paris as the only place where he could continue his negociations and that Sir Babington Smith, Manager of the National Bank of Turkey, conveyed himself from Constantinople to Paris.

In the meantime the Grand-Vezier had gone to Vienna where he exchanged views with Count Aehrenthal. The rumour was spread that Turkey was about to approach Berlin Capitalists and that some leading banks like the Disconto-Gesellschaft and the Deutsche Bank were ready to enter into serious negociations. At once the French Government reduced some of its demands and suggested the withdrawal of Djavid Bey from the Ministry of Finances as the best means for restoring the old cordial relations between the Turkish Government and the managers of the "Banque Ottamane." But this proposal of a compromise did not work. On the contrary, the Young Turks are furious, that a foreign Government should be allowed practically to dismiss a Turkish Minister of Finances. It is therefore not likely that the loan will be floated in Paris and that the advice of Sir Ernest Cassel in favour of a reconciliation between the Turkish Government and the "Banque Ottomane" will be followed.

SOCIALISTS AT MAGDEBURG.

The general meeting of the Party Delegates of the German Socialists at Magdeburg took its course as I ventured to predict some weeks ago. The duel between the Revisionists of the South and the Radicals of the North was very violent, and, as could be foreseen, the Radicals got the upperhand. The culmination point of this oratorial fight was an ugly scene, that according to the standing orders of these meetings ought to have been impossible. It is the principle of the Party that as proof of the necessity for limiting our daily work to eight hours, the debate is invariably prorogued at eight o'clock. But in order to give no breathing time to their adversaries, the majority decided to continue one session very late into the small hours of the night. One was reminded of the accusations of the bloodthirsty Jacobins against the more moderate Girondists when the charge of high treason against the majesty of the people was laid at the door of the comrades from the South. Evidently it was not a struggle for principles alone that was fought out in these discussions, but a passionate personal antagonism found also expression in the publicity of the Congress. The leaders of the Reformists, Herr Frank, Herr Kolb and their friends have every reason to thank heaven for the existence of an order of society, over which their opponents have no control. For they were told that they deserved to be arrested and after a summary proceeding to be sentenced to penal servitude for not obeying the command of the majority. It was amusing for the impartial observer to get an object lesson what the Socialists mean by the liberty of an individual opinion that forms an item of their programme.

Nevertheless the split within the party was healed over again. Only twenty-four hours after their moral decapitation the Revisionists appeared again in the hall and supported the resolutions of their wildest accusers. The comrades of the South promised to help the Party in the agitation for the Reform of the Prussian right of the franchise, though they had declared that in their own parliamentary tactics outsiders had no right to interfere. This sacrifice for a "foreign" aim was the bridge for settling the deep-seated differences for the present. Both wings returned from the battle-field in apparent harmony, reserving the continuation of the fight for the next Party Congress. Evidently a compromise has been arranged behind the scenes whereby the North is acknowledged the demesne of the Radicals, while de South is left to itself for another year. In the bye-elections at Frankfurt Lebus, the Radicals had the success, that their candidate, a shoemaker, was chosen as representative of all Socialists, though the district had formerly been represented by a Revisionist. It is put to the credit of the party discipline of the masses, that all Socialists in the district appeared at the polls and thereby secured the majority for the new man amongst the Liberal Candidate. This victory will serve as an encouragement to uphold the unity of both wings until after the General Elections of next autumn.

Unfortunately the opponents of Socialism in Germany are more divided into different camps than ever before. Especially the co-operation of the moderate Liberals with the Conservatives seems almost impossible after the experience of the summer of 1909. The Socialists are kept together by the hope that they will carry every thing before them as long as the disunion of their principal opponents lasts, and there is little chance that their tactics will be frustrated by the other parties laying aside the hatchet for a while and offering every resistance to the Socialistic flood.

THE FIRST CENTURY OF BERLIN UNIVERSITY.

On the 10th of October the centenary celeberation of Berlin University will take place among the congratulators representatives of all countries. It is, indeed, not an ordinary Jubilee of a learned corporation that is to be celebrated. When the foundation of this Royal University was laid, Prussia was reduced by Napoleon I. to the size of a small state with the Elbe river for its western boundary and consisting of the provinces Brandenburg, Pommeranis, Silesia and Prussia proper. Of the old Prussian Universities the foremost that of Halle had been alienated, as it belonged to the new Kingdom of Westphalia; Koenigsberg, famous by the great philosopher Kant, was too remote: Frankfurt on Oder had never been a flourishing seat of the Muses and had to allow the transfer of its University to Breslau. Thus the idea to found a first class University in the capital was favourably received by King Frederick William III. who declared, that his state must restore by spiritual forces what it had lost of physical strength. Indeed the foundation of this University formed a part of the reconsolidation of Prussia that was carried through by the great statesmen Stein and Hardenberg. But it was left to the organising genius of Wilhelm von Humboldt, the brother of the great scientist Alexander von Humboldt, to give shape to the idea of making Berlin the centre of intellectual life of Germany.

It could not be said with truth that the Universities had played an important part for the development of science and literature in the 17th and 18th centuries. Bacon and Newton, Voltaire and Montesquieu, Adam Smith and Hume, Leibniz and Winckelmann, Goethe and Lessing had no chair in University. It was only the great success of some German professors in the Universities of Leipzig, Halle, Gottingen and Koenigsberg that had renewed the idea that the most advanced learning of the times ought to be represented rather in the Universities than in the learned societies like the Royal Society and the Academies of the Courts. Such a Royal Academy existed also in Berlin, and it was expected that the personal union of this institution with the new University would enable the Government to attract the very best men. Courses of lectures were started immediately, even before the bye-laws of the University were worked out. The philosopher Fichete delivered his "speeches to the German nation" already in the winter of 1807 in the building of the Royal Academy. The King placed the magnificent Palace of Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of Frederick the Great, at the disposal of the new Corporation. Among its first professors we may mention the theologian Schleiermacher, the jurist Savigny, the philologists Frederick August Wolf and Bekker, the philosopher Fichte and the physician Hufeland, men of all European fame. The regular courses were inangurated on October 15th 1810, by Professor Hufeland, author of "Macrobiotics". The first Calendar gives the names of 58 Professors who held 116 courses of lectures.

After the wars of Liberation the number of students rose rapidly. There were in 1833 already 590 foreigners among its 2,090 regular Students. In Winter 1909-10 the figure of regular students rose to 9,242 and of elective students to 4,754, making a total of about 14,000 students. But the principal glory of the Institution is to be found in the great names of its teaching staff. The faculty of theology begins with Schleiermacher and ends at present with Harnack. Of philosophers Fichte, Hegel and Zeller are known everywhere. Physiologists like Johannes von Muller and Emil von Dubois Reymond, medical men like Virchow, Langenbeck, Koch, Chemists like Hoffmann and Emil Fischer, Jurists like Gneist and Brunner, a genius of science like Helmholtz are never to be forgotten. Leopold von Ranke, the greatest historian of all times, was connected with Berlin University from 1825 to his death in 1886; but others of European fame like Mommsen, Curtius, Treitschke and Niebuhr belonged also to this institution. From the very beginning the highest aim was taken and it has never been lowered throughout the century. Thus Berlin may justly be called the foremost University of our own times. Its former rival that of Paris lost its chance of competing, when under the King Louis Philippe its standard was lowered for the sake of popularity, which in the University Extension movement of our own time may be well justified, but is not favourable for the cultivation of science. Berlin University was always devoted to hard work. The fear that the detractions of the great city may prevent its students from concentrating their efforts, has indeed been expressed in the period of the foundation but proved groundless. On the contrary in smaller Universities where students play a more important part in social life there is more time lost on outside occupations than in Berlin.

Of all Universities Berlin proves the greatest attraction for foreigners, especially from very distant countries. Japan, Chile, the Cape and Australia send every year a growing number of students. But also for the English and American students Berlin has lately proved to offer more attractions than their former favourites Gottingen and Heidelberg.

L, ASCH.

SPEAKING at Leicester, Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, M.P., urged that Englishmen should visit Frenchmen and Germans, and thus broaden their minds and promote the cause of peace.

A HUMOUROUS incident is reported from Singapore. By some mysterious process, a local newspaper saw in a fresh arrival by the German Mail steamer the bride of a Straits official and announced the forthcoming marriage in its columns. The official has now written refusing to get married without being first consulted. He denies all knowledge of the lady in question.

FEDERAL HOME RULE.

POWERS OF CONFERENCE MAY BE EXTENDED.

Conservatives and Tariff Reform.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 26.

A meeting of three thousand persons at Glasgow presided over by Mr. Munro Ferguson, who was supported by twelve members of the House of Commons, enthusiastically approved the formation of a Scottish National Home Rule Committee.

Col. Seely, speaking at Ilkeston, said if the Conservatives wished to cement the Empire, they had better drop tariff reform, which was sinking into the grave, and support self-government for Ireland. There were a thousand in the Dominions, who cared deeply for the cause of Home Rule, against one caring deeply about tariff reform. He believed the tariff reformers were reconsidering their position. When tariff reform was buried, the Progressives would be able to develope social reform. He thought posterity would regard Mr. Lloyd-George as one of the great men of the country.

Mr. Runciman, speaking at Dewsbury, said the sooner the Conference declared the result of its deliberations, the better. It was time the Liberals got into fighting trim, as Conservative interests were strengthening their position.

SOCIALIST UPROAR IN FRENCH CHAMBER.

Discussion on the Strike.

LONDON, Oct 25.

At the opening of the French Chamber today there was an uproar on the Socialist seats in connection with the strike. Other Deputies protested and amid indescribable confusion the sitting was suspended.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The French Chamber resumed its sitting but adjourned again after sharp passages between the Socialists and M. Briand, who justified the Government's action during the strike.

M. Colly denounced M. Briand as a coward and scoundrel, declaring that M. Briand had formerly preached a general strike, but had now arrested railwaymen and used the military.

M. Briand, speaking amid a roar of Socialist interruptions and cheers from the rest of the House, said that the Government had proofs of an anarchical and insurrectionary movement. No Government worthy of its name, would have acted differently, when confronted with a plot to ruin the country. The Government were the real defenders of liberty, which the Socialists had transformed into a hideous figure of discord and piracy.

There are rumours of dissensions in the Cabinet on the subject of the measures to be taken to prevent a repetition of the strike.

KAISER HISSED IN BRUSSELS.

State Banquet.

LONDON, Oct. 25.

The Kaiser, the Kaiserin and Princess Victoria arrived at Brussels to-day, and were warmly welcomed by the King and Queen of the Belgians. As they drove through the streets, they were cordially greeted in many places, though there were several arrests for hissing. This was the result of a campaign of by the Socialists against the Emperor.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The Kaiser attended a State banquet in Brussels last evening. King Albert toasted "the far-seeing Monarch, who had promoted Germany's brilliant career."

Tae Kaiser, replying, dwelt on the surprising success of the Belgians in commerce and industry, art and poetry. He prayed for closer relations between the two peoples.

PORTUGUESE REVOLUTION.

Military Offenders Pardoned.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

Reuter wires from Lisbon that a decree has been issued granting amnesties to military offenders who fought for the Revolution, which the decree describes as an heroic act.

THE GREEK ASSEMBLY.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The Greek Assembly has been dissolved. Elections for the new Revisionist Chamber will take place on November 28th.

AUSTRIAN NAVY.

Large Increase of Personnel.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

Reuter wires from Vienna that the Austrian delegations have adopted the Navy estimates. Signor Montecuccoli stated that the construction of Dreadnoughts would involve an increase in the personnel of the Navy of twenty thousand.

INDIAN RAILWAY PORTER'S HEROISM.

Edward Medal Awarded.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The *Gazette* announces that the King has awarded the Edward Medal to Ram Lal Bauri, a porter on the East Indian Railway, for heroism in rescuing children on 14th March, 1910.

THE CRIPPEN CASE.

Miss Le Neve Not Guilty.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 25.

Miss Le Neve, who was charged with being an accessory after the fact in the Crippen trial, was acquitted to-day.

The prosecution urged that her conduct showed guilty knowledge.

Mr. F. E. Smith, K. C., for the defence, called no evidence. He argued that her behaviour was perfectly compatible with innocence.

The Lord Chief Justice warned the jury, not to convict on suspicion. Why should Crippen tell Miss Le Neve a different story from the others?

TRIAL BY NEWSPAPERS.

Judge's Strong Remarks.

LONDON, Oct. 25.

As a sequel to the Crippen case, Mr. Perris, acting Editor of the *Daily Chronicle*, has been fined £200 for contempt of Court by publishing statements after the arrest of Crippen that the latter purchased hyoscin and had confessed to the murder of his wife.

Mr. Justice Darling, giving his judgment, said those who attempted to substitute in this country trial by newspapers for trial by jury must be prepared to suffer. If it was not stopped, the Court would resort to imprisonment.

AVIATION.

German Officer Killed.

LONDON, Oct 25.

Reuter wires from Magdeburg that a German Lieutenant, Herr Mente, was killed yesterday while aeroplaning. The accident was caused by the restarting of the propeller after planing.

AUSTRALIAN POLITICS.

LONDON, Oct. 25.

Reuter telegraphs from Melbourne that the Senate has passed the second reading of the Land Tax Bill.

In the House of Representatives a bill for the transfer of the Northern Territory to the Commonwealth has passed through Committee.

THE CAMBRIDGESHIRE.

Probable Starters and Jockeys.

LONDON, Oct. 25.

The following are the probable starters and jockeys for the Cambridgeshire ;—

Mustapha	Maher
Rhodora	Doyle.
Christmas Daisy	Donoghue.
Land League	Higgs.
Electra	William Griggs
Arranmore	Trigg.
Whisk Broom	Martin.
Halcyon	Piper.
Lonawand	F. Wootton.
Perrier	Woodland.
Merry Task	Watts.
Demosthenes	Rickaby.
Atty	Evans.
Eudorus	Bonar.
Yellow Slave	Ringstead.
Diamantino	Jellis.
Lady Vista	S. Wootton.
Bachelor's Charm	Bowley.
Abelard II	Crickmere.
Thalia	Winter.

Greenback, whose jockey is F. Templeman, is a doubtful starter.

Betting.

The betting is:—5 to 1 against Whisk Broom, 100 to 15 against Electra, 15 to 2 against Mustapha, 100 to 9 against Halcyon, 100 to 7 against Atty, 100 to 6 against Yellow Slave, 18 to 1 against Lonawand, 20 to 1 against Thalia, 23 to 1 against Rhodora, 25 to 1 against Perrier, 25 to 1 against Lady Vista, 28 to 1 against Arranmore, 40 to 1 against Abelard, 45 to 1 against Bachelor's Charm, 50 to 1 against Demosthenes, and 66 to 1 against Eudorus.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

At midnight betting on the Cambridgeshire was :—900 to 200 against Whisk Broom, 100 to 14 against Electra, 2,000 to 200 against Mustapha, 1,000 to 100 against Halcyon, 1,000 to 80 against Atty, 1,000 to 65 against Yellow Slave, 1,000, to 60 against Christmas Daisy, 1,000 to 70 against Lonawand, 18 to 1 against Thalia, 1,000 to 45 against Rhodora, 1,000 to 30 against Lady Vista and Diamantino, 100 to 25 against Arranmore, Bachelor's Charm and Perrier, 50 to 1 against Abelard, Land League, Merry Task, Demosthenes and Eudorus.

Result of the Race.

LATER.

The race for the Cambridgeshire Stakes was run at Newmarket this afternoon with the following result :—

Christmas Daisy	1
Mustapha	2
Halcyon	3

Twenty-one ran.

The race was won by a length and a half, with three-quarters of a length between the second and third.

The betting at the start was :—

7 to 1 against Christmas Daisy.
100 to 8 against Mustapha.
100 to 8 against Halcyon,

Place betting was 9 to 4 against Christmas Daisy and the others at proportionate odds.

Demosthenes was ridden by Bott and Eudorus by Rickaby, otherwise the starters were identical with the probables.

Perrier was left at the post. Christmas Daisy was always prominent and came away with a clear lead a quarter mile from home. Whisk Broom was fourth. Time—1 minute, 56 2-5 seconds.

PERSIAN AFFAIRS.

Concessions to Russia on Evacuating.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Oct. 26.

Reuter telegraphs from Teheran that the Cabinet is prepared to recognise the introduction of Russian automobiles duty free on the road from Julfa to Tabriz and will make other concessions if the troops are withdrawn.

LATER.

The *Times* complains of the absence from Persia's reply to the British Note of the recognition of anarchy in the South. It says the ingenuous proposal to permit Persia to levy a surcharge of ten per cent. on the Customs is certainly not likely to be acceptable to England.

THE ITALIAN DISASTER.

Over Two Hundred Victims.

LONDON, Oct. 25.

Reuter wires from Rome that it is estimated that there were a hundred victims at Cetara, while at Majori a street collapsed, twenty people being killed. There were four deaths at Minori.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

Two-hundred persons have perished at Cetara.

LATER.

King Emanuel is visiting the stricken districts in Italy.

SUSPECTED PLAGUE IN PRESTON.

Rats and Hare Dying.

LONDON, Oct 26.

The Local Government Board notifies that bacteriological examination of the four mysterious deaths at Preston in Suffolk has failed to confirm the local bacteriologists' opinion that the deaths are due to plague, but rats and hare which have died in the same locality have been found to be infected with plague. The Board has issued recommendations for the destruction of rats.

THE FASTEST WARSHIP.

LONDON, Oct. 25.

During her trials, the German Dreadnought "Von der Tann," averaged 23 knots. This is superior to any warship in the world.

ENGLISH STOCK MARKET.

Heavy Fall in Consols.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The Consols are at 79 owing to the apprehensions of a Naval loan.

THE LATE PRINCE FRANCIS.

Funeral at Windsor.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The funeral of the late Prince Francis took place to-day in St. George's Chapel at Windsor in semi-royal state. Their Majesties, members of the Royal Family and foreign Ambassadors were present. A military procession escorted the remains to the Chapel. The Bishop of Peterborough and the Dean of Windsor are officiated.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, Oct. 26.

The death is announced of Mr. Benjamin Finch of the India Office.

[Benjamin Traill Finch, C. I. E., was Director-in-Chief, Indo-European Telegraph Department, India Office, Whitehall, from 1893 to 1902. He was born at Greenwich in 1840. He was appointed to the Indian Telegraph Department in 1857; was transferred to the Indo-European Telegraph Department in 1875. He was a Justice of the Peace, and was in political charge of the Mekran Coast in 1878.]

CHINESE OPIUM TRADE.

Negotiations at Peking.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 26.

The British Legation in Peking is now engaged in conducting some delicate negotiations with the Chinese Government relating the future of opium trade. The Government of India are communicating with Mr. Max Meuller and the Legation has already been apprised of the views of the Government of India and they are in possession of a comprehensive telegraphic despatch direct from Simla on the opium question, Sir John Jordon, British Minister, is expected to return to Peking within the next few weeks, when it is expected that the negotiations will take final shape.

CORONATION DURBAR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 26.

In support of the proposal to hold a Coronation Durbar in Calcutta, the "Englishman" says :

In the cold weather the fiery Afghans come in their hundreds to Calcutta, and there are to be found men from Tibet and from Cape Comorin. For a time at least Calcutta becomes a cosmopolitan city. If a durbar were held in Calcutta on a large scale, it would undoubtedly impress visitors with the might of Empire, and in the East modern tendencies notwithstanding there is nothing that creates such an impression as an outward demonstration of force.

The Afghan will carry back to his mountain home stories of the brilliant array of British soldiers, and of the wealth and vast resources of the Government of India. The Tibetans will take away with them a lasting impression of the strength of British influence A gathering of the Princes of India cannot fail to arouse the enthusiasm of even the most prosaic of visitors.

THE Amritsar Police have apprehended a number of persons in the City on a charge of counterfeiting the King's coin.

CHARMING FUNCTION TO LORD AND LADY MINTO.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 26.

A farewell function, organised in honour of Lord Minto, by the Calcutta Turf Club, promises to be a pretty and novel one, befitting the occasion. The Stewards have decided to give a dinner on the evening of November 16th. The venue of the function will be an enclosure of the Calcutta race-course paddock. A handsome shamiana will be erected to seat something like one hundred and fifty people. The grounds will be prettily illuminated, and after dinner Lady Minto, Lady Eillen Elliot and a host of lady guests will grace the lawns. Two Bands will be in attendance, those of the Rifle Brigade and the 88th Carnatics. A very fine bioscope display will be given, and a troupe of dancing girls are to be brought from Delhi and Lucknow to give a nautch.

VICEROY'S EXECUTIVE COUNCIL.

Proposed Tours.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Oct. 26.

Among the members of the Viceroy's Executive Council Mr. Carlyle is now touring in the plains. Sir Fleetwood Wilson is on his way to Madras. Mr. Robertson will leave Simla on 3rd November and visit Northern India Salt Lakes. Mr. Sinha will visit Agra and Delhi leaving Simla on the 4th and reaching Calcutta on the 10th. Hon. Mr. Jenkins proposes to visit Peshawar and Allahabad. He will leave Simla on 5th November and reach Calcutta on the 13th. It is understood that Mr. Sinha will vacate his office with effect the from 21st November and resume practice at the Calcutta High Court.

LATER.

Mr. Clark, the newly appointed member for Commerce and Industry, comes out in the s.s. "Persia" with Lord Hardinge and will take over charge from the Hon'ble Mr. B. Robertson on the 18th proximo. The Hon'ble Mr. Maxwell does not go on leave on the Hon'ble Mr. B. Robertson resuming charge of the Commerce and Industry Secretaryship but will take over the Postmaster Generalship of the Punjab from Mr. C. Sheridan who proceeds on leave.

THE DEGAMBRA JAINS.

Grievances of Parisnath Hill.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DELHI, Oct. 26.

The Degambra Jains from all parts in India held a meeting this afternoon under the chairmanship of Ishri Pershad. The meeting expressed sorrow and surprise that the Government of India should direct the Government of Bengal to withdraw from granting the Digambra Jains the permanent lease of Paris nath Hill. It was also resolved to set forth the grievances in a memorial to the Viceroy and beg him to receive a deputation of the leading members of their community.

PUNJAB CLUB MURDER CASE.

Accused Sentenced to Death.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS Oct. 26.

The case in which Joseph Paul of the Punjab Club, Lahore, was charged with the murder of another Club servant and his wife has been decided by the Sessions Judge. The accused confessed his crime and is sentenced to be hanged.

SERGEANT MACDERMOTT'S DEATH.

Case of Strychnine Poisoning.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 26.

The Sub-Divisional Officer, Howrah, has given his verdict on the judicial inquiry held by him into the suspicious death of the late Sergeant Macdermott at the Howrah Railway Station on September 25th. The verdict is to the effect that death was due to strychnine poisoning, but by whom the poison was administered was not known. The verdict has been submitted to the District Magistrate, Mr. Hopkyns, for final orders.

THE S. S. "CRESSWELL."

Marine Court of Enquiry.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Oct. 26.

The Commissioner in Sind has appointed a special Marine Court of Enquiry, consisting of Mr. E. Sands City Magistrate Karachi; Captain Tindall, s. s. "Patrick Stewart;" and Captain Goodridge, s.s. "Stephanoes," to conduct investigation attending the stranding of the "Cresswell" on 8th August last on the Sind Coast off the Khai mouth of the Indus. The investigation will be held in the City Magistrate's Court, Karachi, on such dates and hour as the City Magistrate may appoint.

A PATHAN RUN AMOK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 26.

A pathan of Manki in Nowshera District ran amok and shot four persons dead. He made good his escape. The police are tracing his whereabouts.

MRS. ANNIE BESANT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, Oct. 26.

Mrs. Annie Besant, President, Theosophical Society, is expected to arrive in Burma about the 16th of January next. She will spend two weeks in Rangoon and a week in Upper Burma, returning to Madras by steamer on the 10th of February.

SIR WILLIAM AND LADY MEYER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, Oct. 26.

Sir William and Lady Meyer leave Madras to-night for Bombay en route to England. The greatest sympathy has been extended to them in their bereavement.

RUNNING TRAIN THEFT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 26.

The Railway Police of Ruk in Sind has recovered a portion of goods valued at Rs.5,000 which some thieves had stolen from a running goods train. The recovery was made by tracing the footprints of the thieves.

THE KARMAJOGIN SEDITION CASE.

Discussion in Appeal.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 26.

At the High Court, to-day, Justice Holmwood and Fletcher resumed the hearing of the Karmajogin Sedition Case appeal.

The Advocate-General, continuing his arguments, said the mere use of the word arbitrary in connection with executive Government was vilification of Government. The article indicated that the Reform Scheme had not any genuine initiation.

Mr. Justice Fletcher :—In the opinion of this gentleman who is the writer it is not worth having.

The Advocate-General :—If he had so expressed himself there could not not have been any objection. Is it legal and right for an individual to state that these reforms were wanting in genuineness?

Mr. Justice Fletcher:—We have no control over the executive Government. That is the theme.

The Advocate-General:—It will be for your Lordships to say whether he will be entitled to ask his readers to believe that the reforms had no genuine initiation.

Mr. Justice Fletcher:—Genuine initiation of constitutional progress.

Mr. Justice Holmwood:—Is it seditious to ask a despotic Government, not a despotic Government, but an absolute Government, for a full share of reform?

Mr. Justice Fletcher:—I should hesitate to call the Government of India despotic.

The Advocate-General:—There would be no contravention in asking for a full scheme of reform.

Continuing the Advocate-General said that by "swaraj" Arabindo meant absolute autonomy, free from foreign control. That was the nationalists' idea of swaraj. Then the writer had no right to say the reform scheme was a monstrous and misbigotten scheme.

Mr. Justice Fletcher : Take the duty on tobacco. The intention of Government is to raise revenue, but some smokers may describe it as monstrous policy.

Mr. Justice Holmwood : Some had already said so.

Continuing Counsel said Arabindo also used a threat when he said, "If the nationalist movement disappear the void will be filled by violent activity." And this threat was used by one whose brother was transported for life for an offence against the State.

Mr. Justice Fletcher : We must not take that into consideration. We will consider that he was acquitted.

The Advocate-General: I don't refer to it in order to prejudice the Court, but it is a matter of history. In conclusion Counsel asked their Lordships to take into consideration the fact that the appellant was once before convicted in the Navasakti Sedition case.

The Court here rose for the day.

A LOST POCKET-BOOK.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 26.

The Howrah Railway Police are enquiring into the circumstances attending the find of a pocket-book containing notes to the value of Rs. 300 in the Telegragh Office at Howrah station, on Tuesday with three tickets for Bimlipatam. From enquiries made it appears that a Madrassi, whose identity has not so far been established, called at the Telegraph Office on Monday with a view to sending a message to his relations at Bimlipatam, regarding their arrival at Howrah and had apparently left the pocket book with its contents by mistake. No further clue to the owner has so far been obtained

SINGUR DACOITY CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 26.

Further enquiries in connection with the Singur Dacoity Case, district Hooghly, go to show that one of the thirteen accused, Baikuntha, has made a further confession implicating himself and several others in no less than four cases of dacoity committed in the Hooghly District from time to time during the past few years.

Another man named Shoshi was placed before the Serampore Magistrate, charged with receiving a part of the booty in Madhyahilli Dacoity Case with guilty knowledge. After several witnesses had been examined the case was adjourned for orders.

A MURDERER'S PHOTOGRAPH.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 26.

Mr. Hopkyns, District Magistrate, of Howrah, has disposed of the case in which Panch Kowrie Dutt, a Bengali youth, living at Panchanontollah, was arrested by the police, for having been found in possession of a photograph of Profulla Chaki of Mazaffarpur, a murderer, who committed suicide before his arrest. After perusing the papers, His Honour held that no "prima facie" case has been made against the accused and accordingly discharged him.

CHOLERA IN BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 26.

Cholera has broken out in epidemic form in Sonamganj, Habiganj and Sadar Sub-divisions of Sylhet District. The average daily mortality is about 125. A dozen hospital assistants have been deputed by the Government of East Bengal and the Local Board to afford medical relief to suffering people. Local Zemindars are also trying their best to cope with the disease.

THEFT OF AN IDOL'S THRONE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 26.

A youth named Prafulla Chunder Adhikari, of Serampore, who was implicated in the Midnapore Bomb Case, and discharged for want of evidence was convicted yesterday by the Magistrate of Serampore of having stolen the throne of an idol, and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

A SHOOTING ACCIDENT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 26.

A Gujranwala correspondent says : It is alleged that a coolie has been shot dead by a European while shooting in the vicinity of Hafizabad. Dewan Som Nath, Magistrate, has been ordered to proceed to the spot.

THE Government of the United Provinces have demanded the security of Rs. 2,000 from a vernacular paper called Shehna-i-Hand published at Meerut.

NASIK CONSPIRACY CASE.

Loaded Revolver Found.

THE further hearing of the Nasik Conspiracy Case was resumed on Wednesday at the Bombay High Court, before the Special Tribunal, composed of the Hon'ble the Chief Justice, Sir Basil Scott, the Hon'ble Sir Narayen Chandavarkar, and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Heaton.

Inspector Karnik, cross-examined by Mr. Baptista, said no police officer had induced Burve to make a confession, He did not know which of the accused had confessed. Witness treated all the accused in a straightforward manner. He did not see the accused Khare ill-treated by Sathe. Witness had not attempted to persuade the accused Patande to confess. With the permission of the Magistrate the accused were allowed to write letters after the order of commitment.

Cross-examined by Mr. Setna, witness said he did not assemble the Poona group of prisoners and did not speak to them about the investigation of the case.

Cross-examined by Mr. Thacker, witness said he had not ill-treated Dharap after the murder trial.

Cross-examined by the accused Gangaram, witness said that he had not threatened him during the time he was at Aurangabad. The accused accompanied the witness on his way to Nasik.

Purshotam Waman deposed to the finding of a six chambered loaded revolver at a place near the bank of the river in the presence of the accused Dandekar.

Mr. Khopkar, at this stage, produced the 'yadis' relating to the confessions. Cross-examined, he said all the 'yadis' were signed by Sub-Inspector Athavle.

Mr. Palsikar then produced a statement showing which of the accused had made their confessions in English.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baptista, witness said he could not say whether Tikhe made his confession in Marathi or English. Tikhe he thought made his statement partly in Marathi and partly in English, he had no independent recollection about this accused.

Mr. J.V. Cooke, District Superintendent of Police, Nasik, examined by Mr. Weldon, said he knew the accused Moghe who gave him certain information in consequence of which witness brought him to Bombay and took him to Messrs. Treacher's shop in the Fort on the 31st January last. There the accused pointed out the dispensary to the witness and said he had bought there a pound of carbolic acid for one rupee and two pounds of nitric acid at fourteen annas per pound.

Mr. Baptista objected to the statement of the accused to Mr. Cooke going in.

Mr. Weldon said that all he wanted to go in was that in consequence of certain information given by the accused, Mr. Cooke obtained a cash memo. from the company.

Mr. Baptista said that the memo did not correspond with the statement and was inadmissible.

Mr. Weldon said he wanted to have it marked for identification.

Mr. Cooke said that the memo was sent to him by registered post by the Company.

The memo. was, at this stage, marked for identification.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baptista, Mr. Cooke said he occasionally visited the accused when they were in the lock-up. He did not remember Khare having complained to him of being kept in a dark room. He did not remember Khare being sent to the hospital. Khare did not complain to him of ill-treatment.

Cross-examined by Mr. Setna, witness said Sub-Inspector Sabnis was in charge of the accused in the train. The statement was made to him on his visit to the Satarwada. He did not remember Sabnis having told him anything on the subject. Moghe had made some other statements also.

Ramchandra Appaji, Police Inspector, Nasik, said he had arrested the accused Chandratri and Gaidhani. After his arrest Gaidhani gave some information to the witness and produced a pistol from the adjoining house in the presence of a panch. Witness next deposed to a search made in the house of the accused Kelkar. Witness said that on the staircase were written the words "Die for the Country" and "Bande Mataram." Witness then deposed to his having searched the house in which the accused Pranjappe lived, in the absence of the accused.

Mr. Ragnekar objected to this panchnama going in as no exclusive connection between the accused and the articles found was established.

Their Lordships said they would decide the question after the witness's cross-examination was over.

Cross-examined by Mr. Baptista, witness said he had made all the arrests without any warrant. He had nothing to do with a search of Barve's house in September, 1908. In May. 1909, witness had not seen Barve in Mr. Maruti Pandurang's house at Nasik. He had not seen Barve at Nasik in January last. He did not take down a statement of Barve in January last. He had not seen Barve at Nasik in April last.

Cross-examined by Mr. Rangnekar, witness said he searched Pranjappe's house without a search-warrant He had nothing to do with Pranjappe's arrest. He had not mentioned in the panchnama the place from where several articles were found. He could not say whether the articles were found from the northern part of the house or not. The articles were locked up in a cupboard, the key of which was given to the witness by the accused's elder brother.

At this stage, further hearing of the case was adjourned till to-day.

HOWRAH MURDER CASE.

The Absconding Cooly.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 26.

The Deputy Inspector General of Crime and Railways has directed the Government Railway Police, Howrah, to notify for the present by the beat of drum an offer of a reward which since the submission of the preliminary police report has been raised from Rs. 50 to Rs. 100 for any information that will lead to the identification of the cooly who delivered a phial of poisoned brandy to sergeant Mcdermott of the Government Railway Police, resulting in his death.

According to procedure the notification will be printed and circulated to all police stations in Howrah and Calcutta. Meanwhile the police are proceeding with further inquiries in the case. The Police are directing special attention to trace the chemists shop whence strevchinine had been purchased and mixed in brandy which had been swallowed by deceased.

MADHYAHIPLI DACOITY CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Oct. 26.

It will be remembered that eleven men implicated in Madhyahipli Dacoity case were committed to the Sessions by the Deputy Magistrate of Serampore about a month ago and will shortly be placed before the District Judge of Hooghly. An absconding accused Bhanu Dhara was on certain information arrested by the police at Ranchi. He was brought down to Serampore and was placed before the Sub-Divisional Officer to-day before whom the accused made a confession purporting that he had commited four dacoities in Chandpur, Atishoola, Baladbandh and Madhyahipli. The accused implicated others in his confession and has been remanded to hajut pending further enquiries.

KING EDWARD MEMORIALS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Oct. 26.

A meeting of the Provincial Committee of the King Edward Memorial Fund will be held in Lahore Town Hall on 11th November. An Executive Committee will be appointed and it will be empowered to offer towards the All India Memorial at Delhi an amount which with the contribution from the people of Delhi will bring up the total to Rs. 50,000 provided that so much is required for the memorial in question.

NOTES ON INDIAN INTERESTS.

THOUGHTS BY A NATIVE THINKER.

LOSSES AND GAINS.

THE British connection has been an immense gain to the people of this country. Despite the current fallacies about spoliation and drain, there is no question that the moral and material progress of India has been wonderful. It is distinctly visible from generation to generation. Sir George Clarke, in an instructive address delivered by him lately to the students of the Fergusson College, said he had been told by some old inhabitants of Poona that since their early days, they had noticed a marked advance in the condition of the people around. Every honest Indian will be prepared to give similar testimony. But it cannot be said that while the moral and material gain has been most gratifying, we have suffered no losses. I take them as the inevitable result of the spirit and civilization of the West, which has glorified the cult of materialism. For one thing, we have very nearly lost the rare merit of our old arts and crafts. The industries, which produced artistic work of supreme excellence, have perished. They have been crushed out by machinery. Dacca muslins and Kashmere shawls may be still woven, but the traditional art, which stamped them with its own charm, is gone for ever. Fierce commercialism, cut-throat competition, is the absorbing interest of the Gradgrinds of the present day. Huge trusts are formed, untold wealth is accumulated by a few, while the millions working for their masters in mines and factories have their body and soul besmirched with soot. In the words of Richard Jefferies, the workmen are merely paid human machines. The fault does not lie with the Gradgrinds. They are the creatures of the conditions imposed by a material age. Some of them are really the helpless victims of those conditions. Their happiness lies only in slaving at making money. They are condemned to a life of high pressure and great nervous tension, of feverish haste and excitement. This is, after all, their own concern. There are now signs that the West is not altogether satisfied with these conditions. A vague feeling of discontent, not very articulate at present, is abroad. Mr. C. R. Ashbee gives voice to it in his foreword to a remarkable book on "The Indian Craftsman" by Dr. A. K. Coomaraswamy, an authority on the question of Eastern art. "The spirit which calls for the simple of life in the West," says he, "still exists in the East, which, with her profound conservative instinct, will not allow it to be destroyed. It is such a condition that still exists in India, where society is organized upon a basis of personal responsibility and co-operation, instead of, as with us, upon a basis of contact and competition. It may yet be that the spiritual awakening, that is beginning to stir the dry bones of our western materialism, may leave the ancient East fundamentally unchanged and bring us once again into some kindred condition through our contact with her." The East has suffered in her art through her contact with the West. There has not been, however, a fundamental change in her spirit. It is gratifying to the Oriental to learn that there is something which the West might yet learn from the East. We here turn for all we have to learn to the west. Some of us, in our passion for imitation, have evolved a fantastic caricature. It may have a chastening effect on such persons to be told that for some of the highest teachings of life they might turn with advantage to their own hemisphere.

EXPLOITATION OF INDIAN ART.

Dr. Coomaraswamy bewails the exploitation of art, which has brought about its death or decadence in India. His artistic sense is shocked, like that of Sir George Birdwood, who is indignant at "the fierce and merciless competition of English manufactures" against the traditional excellence of the sumptuary arts of India. Dr. Coomaraswamy affirms that "society must either decide to do without art, or else it must make up its mind to pay for art and endow its craftsmen. You cannot both have art and exploit it." A great deal of exploitation is going on for the benefit of the average cold weather tourist from Europe and America who, in his innocence, is ready to go into raptures over any piece of Oriental workmanship that meets his eyes. Struck with its novelty, he presumes that there must be some latent excellence in it, which he is ready to take upon trust.

CONDITIONS OLD AND NEW.

But can we change the conditions which have brought about the decline of art in India? Can we restore the circumstances under which art flourished in pre-British days? The craftsman then, who was master of his art, was an honoured personage. He was patronized by kings and nobles, and was enabled by their munificence to live in comfort and independence. He had not then to make a living amidst fierce competition. He took his own time. He lingered fondly and studiously over his work to which he gave a lasting impress. Art was the dominating idea. He was not haunted by the latter day maxim,—Time is money. "The quality of leisure in old works," says Dr. Coomaraswamy, "is one of their greatest charms, and is almost essential in a work of art. Haste and haggling have now almost destroyed the possibility of art, and until they are again eliminated from the craftsman's work, it will not be possible to have again such work as he once gave to his fellows." The artist, as he was patronized by the State, was also protected by the legislature. In the reign of Asoka, we are told, the artisans were regarded as being in a special manner devoted to the royal service, and capital punishment was inflicted upon any persons, who impaired the efficiency of a craftsman by causing the loss of a hand or an eye. All crafsmenship was under a tutelary divinity, Vishvakarma by name. The work of the artisan was regarded rather as a sacred mystery, as a sacrament, than as a secular trade. Manu has laid it down that "the hand of the craftsman engaged in his art is always ceremonially pure." His tools and implements were objects of worship. As a good craftsman is promised a better existence after death, so a bad or slovenly workman is threatened with a terrible penalty in his next birth. The workman was not distracted by any sordid anxieties from his high aim and endeavour. There were trade-guilds then as now. But then it was their most important function to maintain a high standard of quality, both of material and design. No brummagem, no pinch-beck, no make-believe, was tolerated; all that was specious or seeming was under a ban. All this may be very true, and we may feel a pang at what is past and gone. But we cannot recall the conditions which made it possible. We cannot go back to the same structure of society, the same spirit and atmosphere, which was favourable to the strenuous and unwearied pursuit of art for art's sake, and to the handicrafts which have been swept away by machinery. Dr. Coomaraswamy is repelled by the new conditions. But they exist all the world over, and we must submit to them, as to inexorable fate.

FIRDUSI MEMORIAL.

A movement has been set on foot by two energetic members of the Parsi Association to raise a memorial to Firdusi, to whom the Parsis are beholden for the grand epic, in which the chivalry and heroism of their kings and heroes, and the glories of their ancient empire, with its legends and traditions, have been immortalized. The Parsis owe an immense and permanent debt of gratitude to Firdusi. But for him, their records, if they had not perished altogether, might have lingered in a heterogeneous and shapeless mass in obscurity. Although a pious Musalman himself, Firdusi has treated his subject with a glow and fervour of enthusiasm, and a sympathy and insight, which could not have been excelled by a Zoroastrian. He brought upon himself the odium of his brethren for having celebrated in matchless verse the brave and splendid achievements of a race of Guebers whom they dislike a most. Translations of popular passages have been made into Gujarati, and the Parsis, down almost to the last generation, used to have open-air readings from the Shah-nama on the Esplanade, during the sacred days of the Muktad. The recitals worked up the hearers to a high pitch of enthusiasm, and there is a legend that a priest, who was sitting on the parapet wall of a well hard by, got so excited over the overthrow of an arch enemy of the Persians that he exclaimed with a sudden jerk, "Down with Abriman!" and having lost the balance of both mind and body, he was precipitated into the well. The enthusiast was rescued, being little the worse for his cold bath. There are no such open

air recitals nowadays. But the Parsis are still very proud of their past, and I do not think they will be slow to respond to the appeal made on behalf of one who, in a sense, has proved their great national bard. He has been dead about a thousand years, and the Parsis have not awakened a day too soon to do honour to his memory. Firdusi was baulked of the reward of 60,000 gold pieces, promised for the poem by Mahomed of Ghazni, and he revenged himself upon his royal master in a stinging satire, which, in its venom, could not have been excelled by Pope. If the poet has a home in Paradise, and can have a knowledge of sublunary things, he will be deeply gratified by the mark of gratitude which is proposed to be bestowed upon him by the distant descendants of the race whom he has glorified in verse.

DION.

THAKORE SAHEB OF GONDAL'S BIRTHDAY.

Concessions to His Subjects.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

GONDAL, Oct. 24.

To-day was the 46th birthday of His Highness Shri Bhagvantsinhjee, G.C.I.E., D.C.L., LL.D., Thakore Saheb of Gondal. His Highness has made concessions to his subjects on every birthday since his assumption of full administration twenty-six years ago.

The following are the concessions included in to-day's orders :—(1) A reduction of the rate of interest from 1 to 1-2 per cent. per mensem, on debts due by cultivators to the State. (2) A general remission of contributions to the clothing fund hitherto made by the Foot Police, the Mounted Police and the Body Guard. In future the State will provide all the clothing. (3) A continuance of promotions stopped in the case of a few servants for default. (4) A writing-off of State debts due by some Grasia families. (5) A grant of pensions to the widows of some State servants, and a compassionate allowance to a few ex-officers. (6) Increases of salary to eighteen officials. These grants come to an annual charge of Rs. 45,000 per year.

The officers waited upon His Highness at the Hazur Bangalow at twelve noon, and offered their congratulations. Then followed the leading members of the Hindu and Mahomedan communities. Later on a deputation came from Dhoraji, to wish His Highness a happy birthday. Meetings were held in all the Municipal towns for the same purpose, and numerous telegrams were received from His Highness's friends and admirers, conveying their good wishes to the Chief who, by his sound statesmanship and wise rule, has made Gondal "one of the best governed States of India."

WORLD'S LARGEST VESSEL.

Record Figures.

The new White Star liner Olympic, the largest vessel in the world, has been launched at Belfast. Her sister ship, the Titanic, will probably be launched in January. The exact dimensions, etc., have not yet been officially announced, but the following figures are approximately correct :—

Length over all	840 ft.
Beam	92 ft.
Depth (moulded) from keel to main deck rail	62 ft.
Steel decks	9
Accommodation for passengers :—	
First Class	600
Second Class	1,200
Steerage	3,200
	5,000
Crew	600
Tonnage	40,000
Horse-power	48,000 to 50,000
Cost	£1,500,000

The Olympic, when completed and ready for her maiden voyage between Southampton, Cherbourg, Queenstown, and New York about July 11 next year, will differ somewhat in appearance from the other liners of the White Star fleet in the New York, Mediterranean, and Australian service, inasmuch as she will have four funnels and two steel pole masts. She will be a triple-screw boat, the two outside propellers being piston driven by high pressure quadruple-expansion reciprocating engines, while the central propeller will be actuated by a low-pressure turbine engine, a plan which has given the utmost satisfaction in the case of the Lusitania. These combined engines will be of from 48,000 to 50,000 horse-power indicated, as against the Mauretania's 70,000, the speed aimed at being a trifle over 21 knots. The Olympic and her sister ship will be fitted not only with powerful searchlights, but will have a long-distance wireless telegraphy installation besides the most modern submarine signalling apparatus. Both vessels are registered at the port of Liverpool.

The equipment of the Olympic is unprecedented. There will be a large hall, a spacious dining-room, smoking rooms, library, women's parlour, grill, and lounging rooms, all elaborately furnished. One of the upper decks is to be completely enclosed to serve as a ball-room, which can also be used a skating rink or theatre. By day this enclosure, the windows of which, constructed on the railway carriage principle, are fitted with jalousies, may be used as a sun-parlour and promenade. It will be large enough to accommodate several hundred passengers. As to the cabins, not only will there be suites of rooms, but also complete flats. These will comprise bedrooms, sitting-rooms or parlours, private baths, and even a private library, all en suite. The parlours will be furnished with tables suitable for serving meals. The Olympic will be the first steamer to offer cabins with private shower baths attached. In addition there will be a great swimming bath aboard large enough to permit of diving. A gymnasium, the largest and most completely equipped afloat, will be found on each of the new boats. There will be more or less formal meals served daily aboard the new ships, and, what is unusual even in these days of luxury afloat, there will be a choice of dining-rooms.

LUXURY AND SAFETY.

The main dining saloon, which will seat more than 600 passengers, will be the largest single apartment of the ship. The most striking departure will be the verandah cafe. It will be built on one of the upper decks far astern, looking out over the sea, and about fifty feet above the water. The decorations and general management will carry out the idea of the open-air cafes of Southern Europe. The meals will be served at small tables with movable chairs. The cafe will be erected with exposed rafters entwined with vines, while the sides will be latticed.

Flower and palm gardens and conservatories, containing seasonable flowers and plants the whole year round, and a fish pond will also be among the liner's equipment, while a carefully selected orchestra on a grand concert scale will at intervals discourse the latest operatic and other music, and a grand organ, presided at by a skilled organist, will lend variety and charm to the entertainments on board. Other features are children's nurseries, a high-class tailor's shop, modistes' parlour, and jewellery store for the convenience of first and second class passengers.

The new liners will be complete in their safety devices. Each will be divided into upwards of 30 steel compartments, separated by heavy bulkheads. An automatic device on the bridge will control all these heavy steel doors, making it possible for a single hand to close them all in case of danger. The doors will be electrically connected with a chart on the bridge, where each door will be represented by a small electric light. When one of the doors closes the light will burn red ; while it remains open the light will remain dark. The officer on the bridge will thus be able to see at a glance if all the compartments are closed. Still another set of safety devices will guard against fire in every part of the ship. A series of thermostats will be scattered throughout the great framework, which will indicate a rise in the temperature above a certain point. Should the temperature reach the danger point the fact is at once communicated to the officer on the bridge by the ringing of a bell while electric light on a great chart displayed on the wall will burn red.

Eloriline.—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly-whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in parts of Honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale depot, 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

POONA RACING SEASON, 1910.

Interesting Sport and Bright Prospects.

A series of twenty-one race days came to a conclusion with the Twelfth Extra Meeting at Poona on Saturday, and leaves us with a very successful and interesting season to reflect upon. It is a satisfactory state of affairs that at the close of each succeeding meeting one is able to remark upon the ever-growing support accorded the W. I. T. C. At one time it was considered such an important occurrence when horses were imported from England or Australia that each instance was eagerly noted, but now they arrive in such quantities that many are first noticed only when they run. This zeal on the part of owners is as much accountable for the strong hold the sport has secured, as are the numbers who pass through the turn-stile. What originally was little more than bumble-puppy has developed into a serious business, and as things go now the future promises that Indian race-courses will witness struggles amongst some of the best cattle procurable anywhere. Practically unlimited commissions leave the country every off-season with the direct object of winning the coveted Viceroy's Cup, the best animals of Arabia and Persia are annually landed and one only has to regret that our chief centres have ceased to cater for the country-bred. In the Mysore territory, however, these provide good sport, and if the classy horses mentioned above are put to stud use after their racing careers are over, there is no reason why the breed should not come into its own again.

Much, of course, depends upon the tact and energy of those in whose hands the public and owners find themselves, and Mr. Cecil Gray and his co-workers may compliment themselves upon the results. Not only does the work require the utmost care, but the racing itself demands that those who control it, should do so with the firmest of hands. Large fields are naturally very desirable but lead to many difficulties. They obviously entail superlative trouble to handicapper and starter, the latter perhaps feeling it most with excitable and insufficiently trained Arabs, but what the Stewards feel most is the ease with which some of them may be excused from prominent running owing to interference which results from the crowding of large numbers into a limited space. To purge the Turf of its many evils is perforce an absolute impossibility, but we look to the officials to keep it as pure as possible. That they exert themselves to the full to do so there can be no doubt, but if cases which need looking into occasionally crop up it is only what is to be expected.

ARAB SUCCESSES.

In reviewing the past season the fact which strikes us most is the success of the Arabs, which were but recently landed when pitted against the old stagers. Some of the most interesting events have undoubtedly been those between new and old horses over long distances. For years now Precious has been the public idol, and though at the start he suffered defeat and lost the title of champion to Young Salanie, he very thoroughly made up for this towards the end. If things go well, however, Valens in the near future will very seriously threaten his supremacy. In the important Turf Club Cup he ran second by less than a length to Precious at a difference of a mere two lbs., giving weight to all but two others. The remarkable features of this preformance is, firstly, that he was landed only during last Bombay season and, secondly, that, being a pony, he was giving away a great deal in the matter of size. Tazilmulook is another new horse, who has made his mark over distances, and one who stands out as a coming pony in sprints is Guinea Mohur. In Bombay he changed hands for as many hundreds as he is now worth thousands, and his record proves that he is within very measurable touch of the best we have. Fahad Beg also has come into the first division and, after only being considered a sprinter, is sure to score over middle distances. The same old rivalry exists between Rajput and Tachreet, and it is very difficult to say which is Champion Sprinter, though the handicapper gives it to the former by a lb. or two.

THE BIG HORSES.

Amongst the 14-2s, there is one who has come to supersede old favourites and the Calcutta meeting will probably prove whether he has done so or not. This is the English horse Elser, who only began to strike his true form near the end. As matters stand at present Refresher on form is undoubtedly the best over any distance, and it does not take any great amount of weight to bring him together with the best big horses. His stable companion, Pantry Girl and Lady Nannie come next, and The Missus, joins Elser, in being the pick of the new ones.

STEEPLECHASING.

Over the sticks, ponies have never been very strong ly represented, so that it is not much of a knock to find them dispensed with. In the open jump races also the number and class of the entries cannot be said to have been very satisfactory. The O. T. C. Senior Steward, Mr. Apcar, provided in Five Crown the most classy of them, and he won both his engagements in this line.

One of the biggest disappointments of the season was Soulcline, who was found quite out of form, and where last year he was the biggest certainty that ever started for the Trials or in terms races over shorter distances, he now ran in such a manner that he will have to improve considerably before he can repeat that success. Lumination, on the other hand, substantiates the promise he gave last year by showing an ability to stay. He beat the best class in the Midsummer Plate over seven furlongs, and this gives him a distinct chance in the Trials. Fizz, however, must be admitted was not at his best then, and his second win in the Western India Stakes must make him a dangerous quantity in the above-mentioned race. As to the Cup, leaving out fresh importations, he stands out on his own. The race he won was cut out in wonderfully good time with a big weight, which suggests his having improved, so that everything points to the probability of his reversing last year's order with The Retort-Coat-of-Arms by winning seven times out of eleven has put up a record, and as his successes include distances from seven furlongs to a mile and a half, Mr. G. K. owns in him a valuable horse to be reckoned with in any class he is asked to meet.

SUCCESSFUL OWNERS.

From the statistics given below it will be found that as usual Mr. R. R. S. and Mr. Mathurdass Goculdass head the list of winning owners, the difference between them being a little matter of a hundred rupees. Mr. G. K., thanks to Coat-of-Arms, is next with Rs. 22,400 and Mr. Kelso is fourth, his position there being due to Paul Pry's successes in the big meetings. Fizz gives Mr. Whittingham the fifth place and these are the only owners who have won over Rs. 10,000. There are eight other owners who have won above Rs. 5,000.

WINNING JOCKEYS AND TRAINERS.

Amongst the professional Jockeys, P. Brown tops the list with twenty-two wins, seventeen seconds and ten thirds, and if he had all the mounts of his stable, his record would have been still bigger. Barrett, Hill and A. Ferguson, always in demand, come next with seventeen, fifteen and thirteen winners respectively. Alf Hoyt and Willie Southal are fifth and sixth, and there are fifteen other riders who have brought in winners, the premier jockey Jimmy Robinson heading the second batch with eight, fourteen and thirteen.

Turning to the G. R's. we have Mr. W. T. Miles an easy first with 6, 8, 3, from Mr. O'Brien Butler who has 4, 6, 4. Mr. Nicholson was lucky to ride three winners during the closed meetings, while Captain Winter has two.

As is but natural, Byramji Rustomji, having as he does the two powerful stables of Messrs. R. R.S. and Kelso under him, holds the first place amongst Trainers with 24 wins. A distant second is D. Greenhalgh with 14 and we congratulate Mr. G. K's new trainer on his success, Charlie Bleach follows closely with 13 and Ramshaw fourth with 10 winners. But for ill-luck, Fahad-bin-Sait's place would have been higher, and, as it is, he has to be content with the fifth position, eight of his proteges winning. C. B. Mahomed, C.B.,

BY THE WAY.

RECENT KEW APPOINTMENTS.

Among recent appointments by the Secretary of State for the Colonies, on the recommendation of Kew, are the following: Mr. C. K. Bancroft, B.A., Scholar of Trinity College, Cambridge, formerly Major ...stant Mycologist in the Federated Malay States; Mr. Albert Richard Gould, a member of the gardening staff of the Royal Botanic Gardens, to be a Curator in the Agricultural Department of the Gold Coast, in succession to Mr. J. Anderson, resigned; and Mr. William Leslie Wood, ...ng staff of the Royal Botanic Gardens, to be Superintendent of Government Plantations in the Federated Malay States in succession to Mr. F. R. Long resigned.

THE GIRLHOOD OF AN EMPRESS.

Guarded by a small army of detectives and a battalion of Hessian soldiers, the Czarina, who is spending a few weeks in search of health in her old home, the Schloss Friedberg, can scarcely fail to look longingly back to the days when, as Princess "Sunshine," she was the happiest child in Hesse, without a care in the world. And this longing must be emphasised by the fact that she is occupying the simple rooms of which she was so proud, before she became the mistress of a dozen Imperial palaces and knew the burden of a crown. In those care-free days the Empress—who was "passing rich" on a couple of marks for weekly pocket-money—was ideally happy in romping with her girl-friends imported from Darmstadt in making the cakes which her father loved so well, and in tennis and dancing and such simple delights.

"HIS WAXCELLENCY."

The present Chief Justice of Victoria is one of the most finished after-dinner speakers in Australia. In the popular ideal he occupies a big place. The possessor of charming manners and a perfect voice, the Chief Justice, according to the "Empire Gazette," adds to an extreme courtesy (which never leaves him even when on the bench) a kind and genial disposition which endears him to all classes. He is the despair of shorthand writers in the courts and of all pressmen at public dinners, on account of his rapid flow of words, which are said to fall from him at the rate of 200 a minute. From showing something of exquisite in his dress, and owning a moustache at once distinctive and ornamental, he has been frequently referred to as "His Waxcellency" on those occasions when he has filled the office of Acting-Governor.

CANADIAN FARMERS AND THE DAILY PAPER.

Mr. C. W. Nash, biologist to the Ontario Government, has occasion to visit many farmhouses during the winter months, and he says it is a rare thing to find a farmhouse without a daily paper. The farmers, it seems, do not depend entirely on the post-office. Distribution occurs through the rural mail delivery where such exists. Otherwise, the distribution is made through the cheese factories. The bundle of newspapers is handed in to the factory and from there distributed by the drivers who collect the milk, usually on the return trip! The Canadian farmers are, according to Mr. Nash, becoming great readers.

LONGEVITY.

Does the record for longevity rest with England or with Scotland? The question is asked by the "Glasgow News," which points out that in a recent issue of a South-country paper the place of honour was claimed for Jimmy Stuart, who died at Berwick-on-Tweed in 1842 at the age of 115. But tradition records that Billy Marshall, King of the Galloway Gipsies, died at Kirkcudbright in 1792 in his one hundred and twentieth year. The grave of another Scottish patriarch may be seen in the Ayrshire churchyard of Auchinleck. Matthew Tait, as this veteran was called, is said to have been born during the reign of Charles II., to have served at the taking of Gibraltar in 1704, and to have died in his native village in his one hundred and twenty-fourth year.

THE PASSING OF THE EDITOR.

Mr. Richard Whiteing, the author of "No. 5, John Street," has an article in this week's "Public Opinion," the number which celebrates the fiftieth year of the paper. Mr. Whiteing writes on "The Passing of the editor": "The chief change in journalism in my time is (says Mr. Whiteing) the passing of the editor of the old school. He was once the autocrat; he is now but a limited monarch at the best. The sub-editor, answering to the news editor of the American paper, now governs, if the editor still reigns. The public demand is for the news, or for what passes as such—at any rate, for the statement of fact (still with the same qualification) as distinct from the statement of opinion." It is Mr. Whiteing adds, the kindergarten system of object-lessons, in place of the expository method dear to the pedagogy of an earlier age.

MR. W. J. BRYAN AND THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

Mr. W. J. Bryan has shown the strength of his convictions on the liquor question, the "Christian World" points out, by taking a step upon which an American Politician of prominence rarely ventures. The nominee of the Democratic Party for the Governorship of Nebraska, Mr. Bryan's State, is opposed to local option, and to the eight o'clock closing law. For this reason Mr. Bryan has announced that he will, for the first time in his career, depart from political "regularity," and will "bolt" the "ticket" of his party. His regret that he cannot support the party's nominee is the greater because they have been political and personal friends for twenty years, but he feels that no personal friendship must be allowed to stand in the way of his crusade against the liquor interests of the State.

RETIRED JUDGES.

Lord Collins, whose resignation of the office of Lord of Appeal-in-Ordinary has been announced, is one of thirteen judges on the retired list. The other twelve are Lord Lindley, Lord Gorell, Lord Toxteth of Mersey, Sir Edward Fry, Sir Ford North, Sir Arthur Charles, Sir Robert Romer, Sir James Stirling, Sir Alfred Wills, Sir Gainsford Bruce, Sir Henry Sutton, and Sir Arthur Jelf. Unprecedentedly large, indeed, is the number of ex-judges, their combined positions amounting to £44,500 a year. The most active of these retired occupants of the Bench, despite his eighty-two years, is Sir Edward Fry, who since he retired from the Court of Appeal in 1892, has acted as arbitrator in innumerable international and industrial disputes. His invariable practice, when acting as arbitrator in a dispute in which ordinarily he would be paid for his services, has been to return his fees on the ground that he receives a pension as an ex-judge.

JUDGES ENTITLED TO PENSIONS.

Fifteen years is the period of service which entitles an occupant of the Bench to retire on a pension of two-thirds of his salary. There are only five judges now at work in the Courts who have resisted the temptation to retire. Mr. Justice Grantham, who is the senior of them, has nearly twenty-five years of judicial service to his credit; Lord Macnaghten has been a Lord of Appeal more than twenty-three years; Lord Justice Vaughan Williams and Mr. Justice Lawrance have both been twenty years on the Bench while Lord Justice Kennedy has been engaged in administering justice for nearly eighteen years. If all these five judges were to decide at once to take their pensions, the High Court would cost the country £17,500 a year more.

THE LORDSHIP OF APPEAL IN ORDINARY.

It is interesting to note that the Lordship of Appeal in Ordinary, from which Lord Collins has retired, has had no fewer than five holders in nineteen years, whereas that held by Lord Macnaghten, the Senior Law Lord, has had only two holders—himself and his predecessor, Lord Blackburn—since its establishment under the Appellate Jurisdiction Act in 1876, a period of thirty-four years. Lord Macnaghten's judicial tenure has now extended twenty-three years, and, with the exception of Mr. Justice Grantham, he is the oldest member of the Judiciary. Lord Collins, on his appointment three years ago, succeeded Lord Davey, who had held the position for twelve years. The latter's predecessor was Lord Russell of Killowen, whose tenure was the briefest on record as he has only occupied the judicial office for a few weeks when he was appointed Lord Chief Justice, a more desirable position than that of Lord of Appeal in Ordinary.

THE TWO SERVICES.

ARMOURED SHIPS: A PAPER PROGRAMME.

Nearly two-thirds of the financial year have expired without any material sign of practical effect being given to the five large armoured ships which form part of the 1910-11 programme. These vessels still exist on paper only, and appearances do not suggest that their translation to the building ships, which are ready for them will take place until the tail end of the financial year to which they belong. For two months the only two "Dreadnought" building ships absolutely controlled by the Admiralty have been vacant at Portsmouth and Devonport dockyards, and at neither place is there anything to suggest that they are intended to be utilised again at present. As a matter of fact, provision is made for an expenditure of only about £96,000 up to March 31 on each of the ships allotted to these yards, and as the bulk of this will go to contractors for material, very little constructive progress can be made until the 1911-12 estimates provide for further expenditure on them. The position is much the same with the three other armoured ships to be built in private yards. Tenders for these have just been invited, and this means that at the earliest they cannot be put in hand before Christmas. Hence, in the absence of a supplementary grant for shipbuilding being sanctioned on the re-opening of parliament, we shall have drifted back to the bad system of deferring the principal part of a financial year's programme until the following calendar year has been entered upon—a position which it is impossible to reconcile with the competition in naval armaments.

FLAG COMMANDS.

Another of the series of changes in flag appointments took effect the other day, when Rear-Admiral Sir H. B. Jackson will be succeeded in the Mediterranean Cruiser Squadron by Rear-Admiral Sir Douglas Gamble. When Sir Henry Jackson next hoists his flag, as this able officer may be expected to do at no remote date, it will be as a vice-admiral, to which rank he should in the ordinary course be promoted early next year. The next flag change will give employment afloat to Rear-Admiral G. E Patey who on the 19th inst, succeeds Rear-Admiral E. E. Bradford in the Second Division of the Home Fleet, and will have the advantage of being directly associated for twelve months with Vice-Admiral Sir George Callaghan, whose fleet service is apparently highly valued, seeing that he has been continuously employed afloat since April, 1907. Next month Rear-Admiral Robert Lowry completes his two years' command of the Second Cruiser Squadron, and will be succeeded by Rear-Admiral Sir George Warrender. Other changes are becoming due, the first of which will probably be the Australia Station on the termination of Vice-Admiral Sir Richard Poore's appointment. This distinguished officer's name is being mentioned in connection with the Devonport command, which Admiral Sir Wilmot H. Fawkes will vacate next spring. There are two recent instances of the Australia Station having been the stepping-stone to the Devonport command, both Sir Lewis A Beaumont and Sir Wilmot H. Fawkes having held these positions successively.

THE TRIPLE-GUN TURRET.

The respective merits of triple and twin-gun turrets is a subject that is bound to come in for a good deal of discussion among experts, who design, build, and fight warships, during the next year or two, for already the Italians and Russians are experimenting with the triple-turret system in their "Leonardo da Vinci" and "Poltava" classes, respectively. All the details are not yet generally known, although one of our own technical journals of high standing has published fairly full descriptions of both of the classes mentioned. The great objection to the triple-gun turret is its enormous weight; for it scales nearly 200 tons heavier than the standard twin-gun turrets. So large are these turrets that to keep them down to the above margin of weight, large as it is, the thickness of the side armour is no more than about two-thirds of the thickness of the side armour on our own twin-gun turrets, and so reaches the comparatively small thickness of 8 inches only, while the roof is only 3 inches in thickness, and 12-inch backs. This has always been considered much too thin to protect our own 12in turrets from being rendered useless by direct damage or concussion. To have four turrets only containing all the heavy guns of the ships which can be put out of action so comparatively easily, is to take a risk that British designers have, up to the present, declined to saddle themselves with. Of course, the head and stern fire of such ships is six large guns, whereas they have the very powerful broadside fire of twelve 12in. weapons. Altogether this is as good a disposition as our later "Dreadnoughts" have, and better than our earliest ships of this type.

THE AIR CORPS.

The information vouchsafed by the War Office in regard to the new Air Corps is meagre in the extreme, and apparently we shall not know much concerning its composition until establishments have been issued. In so far that it will provide for the inclusion of officers of all branches of the Service who are prepared to devote themselves to the practical study of aeronautics, it would seem to be conceived on sound lines, and in Sir Alexander Bannerman there will be recognised an expert who should make an excellent commandant. Apparently in accordance with our extraordinary customs the experience acquired by Colonel Capper is not to be utilised, for the not very sufficient or convincing reason that he has completed a certain term in studying a difficult problem.

THE SPECIAL RESERVE.

The announcement that Special Reserve battalions will be allowed to assume the distinction of their Regular battalions is a move in the right direction. There is still a tendency in some quarters to regard the Special Reserve as a farce standing outside of the Regular Army and the sooner it is recognised that it is part and parcel of it the better for all concerned. After the first mobilisation for war of our First Line there will be no doubt anywhere on the subject, but meanwhile it must not be allowed to be forgotten. There is reason to believe that in many regiments the relations between the Regular and Special Reserve officers are already excellent, the former having realised that they have a personal interest in those who would join them in the field to replace the wastage of war.

LANTERN FROM MAHDI'S TOMB.

The lantern presented by the 21st Lancers to the Royal United Service Institution, was found by Squadron Sergt-Major Warrington, 21st Lancers, lying broken to fragments at the foot of the Mandi's tomb, partly covered by rubbish. He gave it to the officers' mess, and it was practically remade in Cairo. Originally it had been made by some local whitesmith from the useful and handy kerosene oil tin, and was decorated with a pattern of punched holes. All that remained was the top, a portion of the sides, the bottom, and one or two pieces of red and white glass. It has recently been redecorated with silver paint, which has effectually concealed the original tin plate from which it was made. Among other things in the tomb was a cheap Swiss enamelled clock and depôt that was taken by an officer of the 21st Lancers (Lieut-Colonel Cordeaux) and presented to the regiment; only a portion, however, was recovered, the rest being destroyed by shells.

THE CIBYNITE COMPASS.

Mr. S. H. Steward, the well-known optician of the Strand, has designed for night work a new luminous compass, which is a great advance on anything we have yet seen used for this purpose. The well-known Verlier principle of index line and outside circle of degrees is retained but instead of the dial being painted with luminous paint, which needs exposure for a definite period to either sunlight or magnesium ribbon in order that it may be used at night the new compass, which is called the "Cibynite" is treated with radium, which needs no previous exposure, but is always ready for night work and retains its luminosity for an indefinite period. The same principle has also been applied to the dial of a watch which is that of the ordinary pattern, with the addition of dots of radium on the outer edge of each figure to represent the hours and three dots—one each opposite 9, 12, and 3—to facilitate taking the time at night by indicating which way the watch should be held. The hands are recessed and also painted with radium. Here, again, the advantage of a watch which will be luminous at night without requiring previous exposure to sunlight or magnesium ribbon will be recognised by everyone. We have had an opportunity of examining both the compass and the watch and are glad to bring them to the notice of staff and other officers who need such instruments for night operations.

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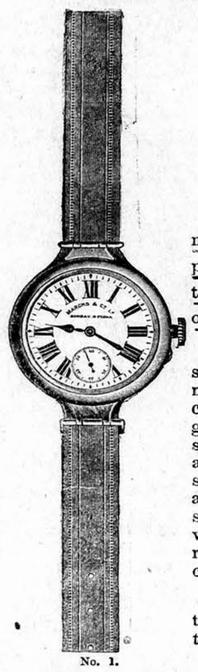
Both of the illustrations are photographic reproductions, and No. 2 shows the chamois lined strap crossing the back of watch.



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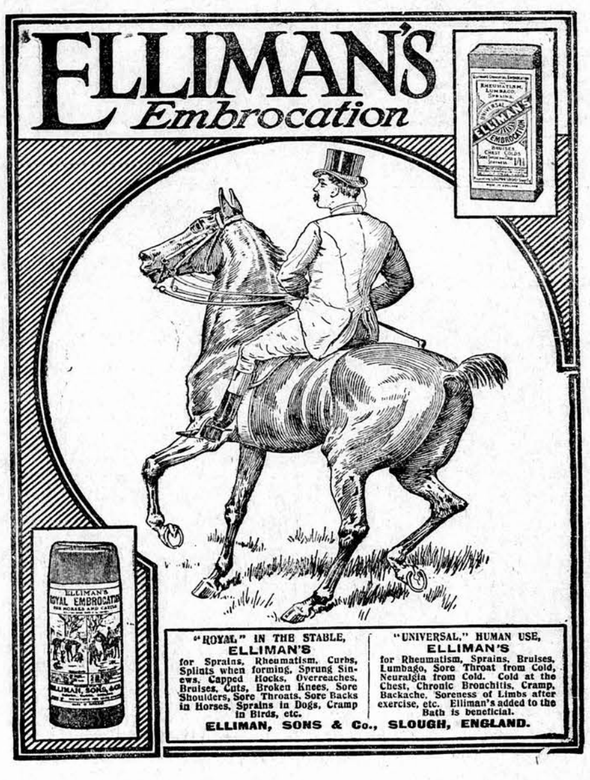

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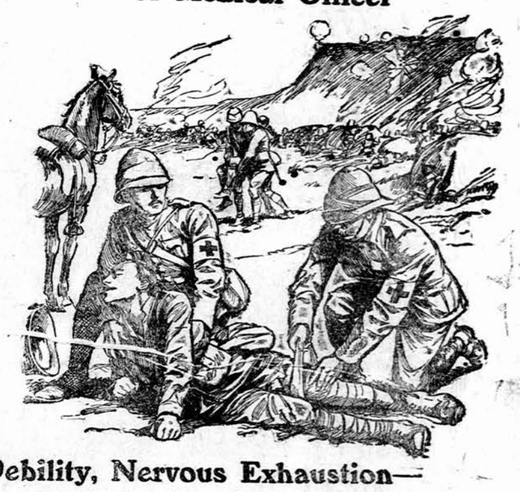

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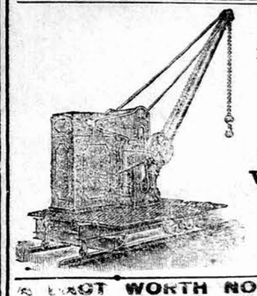

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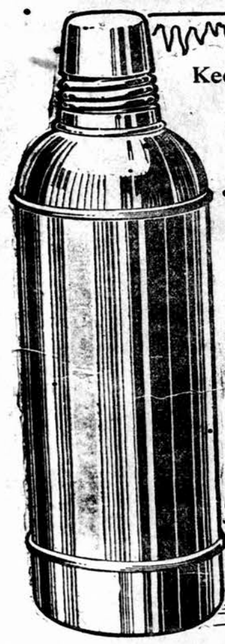

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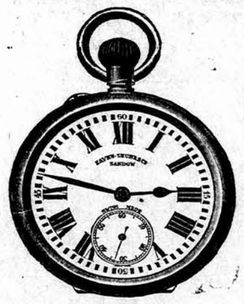

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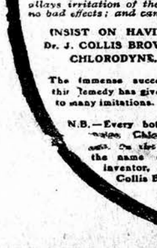

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